THE MEMPHIS DAILY APPEAL.

BY JOHN S. C. HOGAN & CO. MEMPHIS, TENN., SATURDAY, DECEMBER 14 1867. VOLUME XVIII.—NUMBER 113

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

PUBLISHED DAILY & WEEKLY
—BY—
JOHN S. C. HOGAN & CO.

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Daily (in advance) per annum	$12 00
" " per week	25
To new-dealers, per copy	3
Weekly per annum (in advance)	5 00

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" " two weeks	6 00
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☞ Eight lines of solid nonpareil constitute a square.

☞ All advertisements in the Special Notice column will be charged 25 cents per line.

☞ Marriage and death notices published as other advertisements.

☞ All advertisements for the APPEAL must be handed in at the Clerk's desk.

☞ *Transient advertisements must be paid for in advance.*

☞ Advertisements for the Weekly paper will be charged at same rates, per week or month, as in the Daily, unless by special contract.

☞ Our friends are requested to use their best efforts to send us subscribers, and fill up our lists, and also to forward any items of news that may be of sufficient local importance to warrant their publication.

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As an inducement to get up clubs, we have adopted the following scale of prices, which are as low as our current office expenses will admit of:

One Copy, one year	$5 00
To clubs of ten or more, each	4 00

Invariably in advance.

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H. A. Littleton & Co, Insurance Agency, 27 Madison street.

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Matthews & Alexander, Agricultural Implements, 272 Second street.

M. J. Rossel, Grocer and Cotton Factor, 316 Front street.

Pike & Adams, Attorneys at Law, No. 290 Main street.

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Price & Yeatman, Produce, No 11 Monroe st. est.

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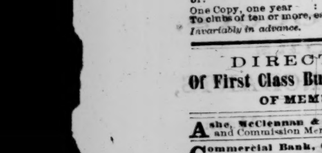

HEBREW CALENDAR.

A. M. 5628.

1st Tisri, 30th September	1867.
1st Kheshvan, 30th October	"
1st Kislev, 29th November	"
1st Tebet, 27th December	"
1st Shebat, 27th January	1868.
1st Adar, 28th February	"
1st Nisan, 29th March	"
1st Eyar, 28th April	"
1st Sivan, 27th May	"
1st Tammuz, 25th June	"
1st Ab, 25th July	"
1st Elul, 24th August	"

Ash Wednesday, 26th February ..... 1868.
Mumday Thursday, 9th April, ... "
6th day Friday, 10th April, ... "
Easter Sunday, 12th April, ... "
Ascension, 21st May, ... "
Pentecost, 31st May, ... "
Statut Andrew's Day, 30th November in each year. ja12 mhl tf

MASONIC DIRECTORY.
1867.

LODGES.

ANGERONA, No. 168. Meets 1st Monday in every month, at Odd-Fellows' Hall, cor. Court and Main. L. B. Forster, 234 Front street, W. M.; John Beamish, Sec'y.

SOUTH MEMPHIS, No. 118. Meets 2d Friday of each month—Hall, cor. Madison and Second. J. T. Sellars, W. M.; Benj. K. Pullen, Sec.

LEILA SCOTT, No. 289. Meets 1st Friday of each month—Hall, cor. Madison and Second. John Atwile, W. M.; H. P. Woodward, Sec.

HAWTHORN, No. 304. Meets 3d Friday of each month—Odd-Fellows' Hall. P. M. Stanley, W. M.; W. H. Butts, Sec.

KILWINNING, No. 314 (H. D.) Meets 4th Friday of each month—201 Front street. John J. Worsham, 3d, W. M.; B. K. Pullen, 2d, Sec.

ROYAL ARCH.

PENN Chapter, No. 4. Meets 2d Monday of each month—Odd-Fellows' Hall. John Zent, M. E. H. P.; B. M. Levy, Sec'y.

R. AND S. M.

EUREKA Council, No. 6. Meets 3d Monday of each month—Odd-Fellows' Hall. John Zent, Th. Ill.; N. J. Wiggin, Sec.

TEMPLARS.

CYRENE Commandery, No. 4. Meets 4th Monday of each month. John Zent, Com.; N. J. Wiggin, Sec.

A.'. AND A.'. SCOTTISH RITE.
20d Perfection.

HERMES Lodge of Perfection, 14th; No. 1. Stated Communications 2d Wednesday night of each month. Henry P. Woodard, 32d, G.'. M.'.; Charles M. Carroll, 14th, Sec.'.

MITHRAS Lodge of Perfection, 14th.; No. 2. Meets 4th Wednesday of each month. George Mellersh, 32d, G.'. M.'.; A. E. Frankland, 32d, Sec.'.

CASIPHIA Council of Princes of Jerusalem, 16th.; No. 1. Benj. K. Pullen, 32d., Tarsh.'.; —— Sec.'.

CALVARY CHAPTER of Rose Croix, 18th., No. 1. Charles W. Adams, 32d, M.'. W.'.; H. T. Tomlinson, 32d, Sec.'.

PHILIPPE DUPLESSEIS Council of K—h, 30th., No. 1. Henry P. Woodard, 32d., Comm.'.; William Y. Chrole, 32d, Rec.'.

CONSISTORY OF WEST TENNESSEE, 32d. John Atwile, 32d., Comm.'. in Chief; Dodge C. Trader, 32d, Reg.'.

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M. E. & J. W. COCHRAN'S,
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de4 1m

LUMBER, SHINGLES, LATHS, DOORS, SASH, BLINDS,
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The Best Bargain Offered

C. N. ELLIOTT offers for sale this Farm of 930 acres, at Elliott's Station, on the Mississippi Central Railroad, eight miles south of Grenada. 300 more acres can be added if desired.

The land lies on both sides of the railroad, up to Elliott's Station, and affords eligible site for Mercantile and Manufacturing establishments. It has an abundance of fine timber, needed by the railroad; more than enough to pay the price of the whole tract. It is all level, and susceptible of divisions to suit any purposes. Has 50 acres cleared and under good fence. Has a comfortable family residence with good out-houses, barns and stables—large, and the best gin, screw and cotton press—all new, in the same county. The improvements cost within the last three years $4000. Mr. Elliott desires to sell and leave this part of January next, and as a strong inducement he offers his land at ten dollars per acre in United States Currency, for which he refused thirty dollars per acre in 1861. Time will be given, if desir'd, upon half the price upon fair terms. Sale must be made soon or not at all. Title of the highest grade. Refers to

E. M. HANKINS, Agent,
no9 10 Grenada, Miss.

JO BANFIL & CO.,
HAVE established their office in Titus' Block, in rear of No. 12 Jefferson street, where they may be found by parties interested.
oc2

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

DR. LUKE P. BLACKBURN,
Office: No. 351 Main street,
(OVER FALL'S DRUG STORE.)
Residence—Gayoso House. nov12 tf

A. WRIGHT, L. D. M'KISICK. LUKE E. WRIGHT.
WRIGHT, McKISICK & WRIGHT,
Attorneys at Law,
IN the Kit Williams Block, Nos. 3 and 4, up-stairs, Madison street. dec7

J. W. CLAPP, C. F. VANCE, J. A. ANDERSON
Late of Holly Springs, Miss.
CLAPP, VANCE & ANDERSON,
Attorneys at Law,
No. 15 MADISON ST., MEMPHIS.
nov27 1m

MARLAND L. PERKINS,
ASSISTANT U. S. ATTORNEY,
SOLICITOR IN BANKRUPTCY,
—AND—
PROCTOR IN ADMIRALTY.
Office, No. 450 Main St., Waldran Block, Memphis, Tenn.
nov3 tf

J. B. WASSON & WM. WASSON,
DENTISTS,
HAVE removed their office to their old stand, over their Drug Store, No. 318, Main street. dec1 tf

HINSON & SMITH
DENTISTS,
No. 283 Main Street.
CLAY BUILDING.
S. A. SMITH, late with Dr. A. Wesson.
ape nov22 d&wly

Harris & Blair,
DENTISTS
No. 217 Corner Second and Adams Sts., ADAMS' BLOCK.
J. C. HARRIS. C. L. BLAIR.

J. E. TEMPLE,
Attorney at Law,
Solicitor in Bankruptcy and Commissioner of Deeds.
OFFICE—No. 12 Jefferson street, Room No. 17 Third Story, Titus Block.
nov8

GEO. W. WINCHESTER, late of Gallatin, Tenn. ROBERT A. HATCHER, late of Missouri.
WINCHESTER & HATCHER,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW and General Collecting Agents, 227 Second Street, Memphis, Tennessee.

ALBERT PIKE & SON, Little Rock, Ark. PIKE & ADAMS, 293 Main st., Memphis.
L. H. PIKE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW
—AND—
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Will practice in the Federal and State Courts. Collections promptly attended to.
mar1 tf

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DIXON & PERCY,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Greenville, Miss. Will practice in the Courts of Tunica, Coahoma, Bolivar, Washington and Issaquena Counties. dec5 1y*

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THE undersigned would respectfully inform his friends and the public that he is prepared to devote his whole attention to Designing Plans and Superintending Buildings, with the accuracy and attention to his patrons' interest as he did for the City's interest while City Engineer.

OFFICE—Stillman Block, Second and Madison streets. Charges reasonable.

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WESTERN AND VIRGINIA
Tobacco Agency,
Dealers in Imported and Domestic
CIGARS,
No. 310 Front Street,
MEMPHIS.
oct2 6m

C. C. PARTEE, Late Vernon, Partee & Clay. B. FRANK HARBERT, Memphis, Tenn.
PARTEE & HARBERT,
Cotton and Tobacco Factors,
AND GENERAL
Commission Merchants,
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Bet. Main and Front, MEMPHIS, TENN.
☞ Cash Advances made on Consignments. Bagging, Rope and Supplies furnished.
oct18 wdm&3m

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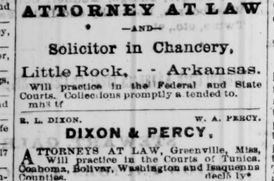

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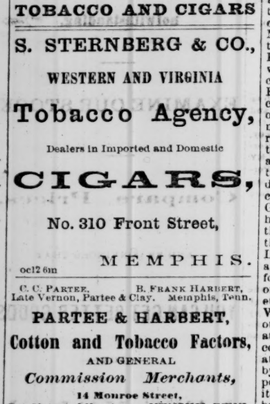
AND GENERAL
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
7 Monroe street.
se28
Western and Virginia Tobacco Agency.
MAYER, MARSHUETZ & CO.,



IMPORTERS and Wholesale Dealers in Segars, Tobacco, Pipes, and the largest stock of Smokers' Articles in the South, Corner Second and Jefferson streets, Jefferson Block, Memphis, Tenn. se21

MERRIMAN, BYRD & CO.,
—DEALERS IN—
WATCHES, DIAMONDS, Jewelry,
Silver and Plated-Ware; Watchmakers and Manufacturing Jewelers,
275 MAIN STREET,
Op. SouthCourt St. MEMPHIS, TENN.

NO GIFT ENTERPRISE
Or any other Swindle!
MISSOURI AND KENTUCKY STATE AND HAVANA LOTTERIES.
ONLY LEGAL LOTTERIES IN U. S.

THEY are drawn under State Charters; have been drawn for over FORTY YEARS. Bonds must be and are deposited with U. S. Commissioners as Security.

The prizes are drawn in public by two sworn Commissioners appointed by the State.

Must be drawn if tickets are sold or not.

PRIZES ALL CASH.

There are two State Drawings each day, and two Havana Drawings each month.

Drawings can be seen two hours after purchase of tickets.

One-half the Tickets are Prizes.

Prizes paid on day of purchase.

Tickets $1 to $20, according to Scheme.

Prizes $1 to $100,000, according to Scheme.

Principal Agent, GEO. W. VAN VOAST, No. 16 Jefferson street.

WHITE LINE AGENCY.

White Line Central Transit Company, via Louisville, Jeffersonville or New Albany.

THROUGH Receipts given to New York, Boston and New England cities, for Cotton and other Freights. Quick Time, Low Rates, and no change of Cars.

For through contracts, apply to
ROBERT GIBSON, Agent,
Of LARRY HARMSTAD & CO.,
dec6 Office corner Main and Madison sts.

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

MASONIC INTELLIGENCE.

PERPETUITY OF MASONRY—ITS CAUSE.

A. P. . .

If Freemasonry were merely an association of persons, united together for mutual assistance and protection, its objects would no doubt be laudable; it would perhaps be strong in numbers; and it might thrive for many years. But if that had been its whole purpose, it would never have been enabled to measure the term of its existence by centuries and when it had grown so old as to have forgotten its own origin, to continue as strong and vigorous as ever. Nor would the possession of its antique secrets, ever stirring the curiosity of men, and drawing them by a force irresistible towards its Temples, have given it that perpetuity and perennial youth.

It outlasts the ages, because its aims are higher and nobler than the mere communication of mysterious secrets, or the affording of mutual relief and the doing of small charities. These do not give an Order immortality.

RELIEF LODGE OF LOUISIANA.

We some time since suggested to the Fraternity of Memphis the Constitution of a Relief Lodge, on the plan of that of Louisiana. As the best argument in favour of the proposition, possible to be offered, we now re-produce the Report of Relief Lodge No. 1, of Louisiana, to the Grand Lodge of that State at its last communication.

In Memphis there is absolutely *no* system of charitable relief. The Lodges best able to assist distress do the least. If a poor widow needs assistance, to put bread in the mouths of her children, or pay her rent, she must run from the Master of one Lodge to the Master of another, and at last go home to starve, ashamed longer to beg unavailingly; unless individual Masons, illy able to do so, contribute ten or fifteen dollars each to relieve her.

The following report will show what *can* be done by Masons, and what *is* done in another city:

NEW ORLEANS, February 11, 1867.

To the M. W. Grand Lodge of the State of Louisiana:

Louisiana Relief Lodge No. 1 begs leave to submit the report of her doings for the past year, embodied in the statement of finances prepared by her Secretary and herewith presented. She has persisted in her course of usefulness through many disadvantages, and appeals to all the brethren of this jurisdiction for aid to enable her so to continue. The great difficulty which has been and is experienced, is that the Relief Lodge represents but about half the Lodges of this city, and yet upon her is thrown the burden of distributing charity for almost all. There are fourteen contributing Lodges and fifteen non-contributing, and it is anything but encouraging to have so many of our brethren in our midst who cannot appreciate our labors. By our present regulations all amounts received, are from contributing Lodges, are voluntarily given, and are doled out, generally speaking, in small and entirely inadequate sums. The total received from Lodges represented during the past year is but $733 40, being only about one-third of the actual amount expended for charity, the deficiency having to be made up out of the Tomb Fund. Of the whole fourteen contributing Lodges, but four, Heritage No. 98, Excelsior 186, Union 172 and Orient 173, paid in as much as the Grand Lodge donated to them last year, being one dollar for each member, while three of the Louges have not given a cent. All this is in face of a prosperous Masonic year, and is sufficiently suggestive of itself, to warrant an appeal to our Brethren not to let a charity die out which has received the plaudits and commendations of the Masonic world. Formerly, the subordinate Lodges which composed the Relief Lodge, paid a tax of three dollars per annum for each member borne on the register, but that rule was abolished during the trying times of the war, and the Lodges were asked to give as much as possible; now, that prosperity has returned, it seems difficult for many of them to bestow in charity, even that small sum which the Grand Lodge itself has put into their hands for that purpose; and as if all these facts were not sufficient, one of the most flourishing of our contributing Lodges, and who calls as frequently as any upon us, not only does not give us for two years a single cent, but declines or neglects to pay up arrearages of dues, etc., absolutely owing to the Relief Lodge. We do not mention these minutes in any other spirit or desire than to draw the attention of our own brethren to our condition, and to warn them of our situation. The Relief Lodge cannot exist by itself, and it needs stout arms to support and liberal donations to maintain it; it is an absolute benefit to all the brethren of this city, and we call upon them to see that it does not languish. Let every member of every contributing Lodge attend its meetings, take part in its proceedings, assist its officers, and prepare to take their places, when their round of duty is fulfilled, and we will succeed; but it is wholly wrong to throw the whole burden upon the shoulders of a few brethren, and to look with apathy upon their efforts, and to heed them not unless to blame.

During the past year, as during all previous ones, much good has been accomplished that cannot be figured in dollars and cents, and which makes no appearance in our report. Brothers have been assisted by counsel and advice; free passages have been secured, sick beds watched, and funerals attended; the combination of brethren covering so great a variety of every profession and occupation, that many comforts and necessities have been procured, and many pressing wants administered to, "without money and without price."

It is now proposed to build a tomb upon the ground in the new Masonic Cemetery donated by the Grand Lodge, and for this purpose some thousands of dollars will be needed, and we earnestly ask of the Grand Lodge and its members here present, both of city and country, a donation of some small part of that Masonic charity which may at this communication be distributed.

[Fraternally submitted,
JOSEPH F. HORNOR, W. M.

RECEIPTS DURING THE YEAR FROM LODGES COMPOSING THE RELIEF LODGE.

Cash on hand January 1st, 1866	$1,045 47
Mount Moriah No. 59	25 60
George Washington No 65	50 00
Dudley No 66	50 00
Marion No. 68	100 00
Alpha No. 70	50 00
Alpha Home No. 72	50 00
Alpha Home no 72, old account	$50 00
Mermilion No 98	50 00
Ocean No. 141	50 00
Excelsior No. 186	75 00
Union No. 172	70 00
Orient No. 173	105 40
	$733 40

DONATIONS.

From Dante Lodge No 174	$ 9 05
" Orleans Royal Arch Chapter No 1	16 00
" Concorde " " No. 2	10 00
" Tells " " No. 15	16 00
" Order of High Priesthood	20 00
" Bro. Amos Kent, P. D. G. M.	10 00
" Bro. Henry Regenburg	6 00
" Bro. A. Marks, of Ocean Lodge 141	2 00
" Bro. C. P. Crane, of Mount Moriah No. 59	2 00
	$91 05

AMOUNTS REFUNDED.

By S. W. Gaskill, of Piasa Lodge No. 27, Ill	$ 5 00
By Magnolia Lodge No. 258, Mobile, Ala.	10 00
By A. Marks, of Warren Lodge No. 15, Ill	15 00
By A. H. Lee, of Brookhaven Lodge No. 241, Miss.	20 00
	$195 00

RECEIVED FOR USE OF VAULTS.

From Bro. J. P. Horner, for M. J. Grady	$ 50 00
From Alpha Home Lodge No. 72	190 00
From Fr. Mandell, of Alpha Home Lodge No. 72	35 00
From F. Berkes of Mount Moriah Lodge No. 59	35 00
	$ 310 00
Proceeds of Ball given January 18, 1866	1,710 70
Proceeds of sale of drapery	5 00
	$4,091 12

DISBURSEMENTS.

To applicants from Alabama	$482 00
" " Arkansas	6 00
" " California	18 00
" " Florida	12 00
" " England	34 25
" " France	28 00
" " Georgia	70 00
" " Illinois	$55 00
" " Indiana	40 00
" " Ireland	49 70
" " Jamaica	25 00
" " Kentucky	90 00
" " Maryland	15 00
" " Mississippi	183 00
" " Prussia	18 00
" " New York	115 55
" " Nova Scotia	10 00
" " Pennsylvania	10 00
" " Scotland	91 00
" " Sweden	10 00
" " Tennessee	50 00
" " Texas	230 00
" " Virginia	180 00
" " Wisconsin	30 00
To Widows of Louisiana	140 00
Incidental Expenses	121 00
	$2,047 55
Amount in Treasury January 1, 1867	2,043 57
	$4,091 12

The following, from another quarter, is quite as significant:

The report of the Masonic Board of Relief of San Francisco, the twin sister of the Louisiana Relief Lodge, is highly satisfactory, showing the large total of $7,135 50, expended for relief during the year, of which no less than $492 65 was donated to fifteen cases from Louisiana, which is the largest amount given to applicants from any other single State except one. We, who have had some slight experience in these matters, and are now having more, can well and heartily appreciate the efforts of our brethren of San Francisco, and sympathize with them in their labor of love and mission of charity.

THE RAISING OF THE BEAUSEANT.

BY BRO. WM. E. ATTOUN.

[Written and recited at a Festival of the Knights Templar of the Metropolitan Priory of Scotland.]

Fling out the Temple banner as of old!
Ace hath not stained the whiteness of its fold,
Nor marred the ruddy cross, Salvation's sign.
Once more we lift the sacred standard up—
Commandons, fill the cup—
We pledge the Beauseant in this sparkling wine!

Oh! what a valiant host have fought and bled
Beneath that banner to the wind outspread,
Since first it moved against the infidel!
Who knows not now it waved on Salem's tower,
When Acre, Ramla, Nazareth were ours,
And at Tiberias fell?

Fell with the Knights who bore it to the field,
When foulest treason broke the Christian shield,
And bade the Turkish crescent-sign advance!
Fell but to rise again with triple pride,
When, booming o'er the tide,
The anathema came of England and of France!

And who is he, the leader of that band,
Who first sets foot upon the Holy land?
Move on, unrivall'd champion that thou art!
Shout, Brethren, shout! aloft your banners fling—
'Tis he, the Christian's hope, the Island King—
Richard, the Lion Heart!

Then Acre fell—the Moslem foe went back,
And still our Brethren followed on their track,
And ever in the van of battle flew
The sacred Beauseant, like a meteor star
Shedding its wrath afar
Upon the foul and unbelieving crew.

Unvanquish'd still—till fraud, not force, combined
With basest envy in a despot's mind,
Dragged from its staff that glorious emblem down,
And poured, like water, forth the guiltless blood,
When Jacques Molay, the valiant and the good,
Received his martyr-crown.

Then perish'd all—yet no; on Scottish ground
Some remnant of the Templars still was found,
Whom even treason did not dare to quell,
Where de Clifton! honored be thy name!
Who, braving death and shame,
Didst vindicate thine order's truth so well.

Years passed away, ere yet the warring world
Beheld again the Templar's flag unfurled,
But England saw the Rosy Cross return
Once more to light, and scattering dismay
Within their ranks upon that glorious day
When Bruce won Bannockburn!

Then raise it up, Companions, once again,
Though now it wave not on the battle-plain,
True hearts are here to guard its spotless fold;
Forever honored be the Templar's name,
Forever dear their fame!
Fling out the Beauseant banner as of old!

RESTORING FRATERNAL FEELINGS.

The Grand Master of Michigan, after speaking at some length of the relations of one part of the country to the other, remarks:

But how are we to cultivate these harmonious relations? What facilities are presented in circumstances? We rarely meet, and by what means are we to open with strangers that intercourse which is to lead to these happy ends? Should we meet, let us avoid those subjects upon which it is well known we will disagree, and dwell upon those only upon which we cannot disagree. Let us look around us and we may find the means and facilities in our very households. Almost every one of our soldiers has brought home from the South their respective trophies. Let us gather these and return them to their proper owners. Even though they were lawful spoils according to iron rule of war, many of them are of so interesting, nay, even sacred a character, that there is an inhumanity in refaulting them, while their return opens those avenues to the heart and its affections, through which the sweet waters of gratitude flow and inspire the soul with a faith and a confidence that lead to the harmonies and amenities which it is the office of Masonry to cultivate, and which, as we have remarked, is a paramount object in restoring our political union. I could note many instances of this kind which have fallen under my own observation. One soldier brought home a costly cottage bible, containing the family register of a distinguished Southern family. It was purchased by a brother Mason, and after much difficulty in finding the members of the scattered family, was restored to them. Another had a group of photographic portraits, which were likewise bought and restored. These drew out of the beneficiaries letters of most affectionate gratitude, and the establishment of the most pure and perfect friendship between the parties interested.

Permit me to ask your indulgence, my brethren, while I relate a circumstance, the delicacy of which touched my feelings deeply.

In the house of a friend and worthy brother in Goshen, in the State of Indiana, my attention was directed to two elegantly bound volumes and two large French vases of elaborately cut flint glass. These vases were of great value, being from twenty-five to thirty inches in high. My friend remarked that he looked unpleasantly every time he saw them, and informed me that they were sent to him as trophies of war by his nephew, who was a lieutenant of volunteers from Indiana. He informed me that his nephew had taken these articles at the razing of a mansion of a rebel officer, near Baton Rouge, in the State of Louisiana, and that his nephew was killed in battle a few days after having forwarded them to him. My friend informed me that he was anxious to return them to the proper owner if living, and if not, to any surviving member of his family. He had, however, no trace of their former ownership. He requested me to take some measures to find the owner, or some member of his family, and to bring about a restoration of the articles in question.

I immediately addressed a letter "to the Master of any Lodge of Masons in Baton Rouge," giving a history of the circumstances, expressing a wish to return the articles, and instituting inquiries for their owners. My letter was soon answered by Bro. Jas. Asher, W. M. St. James Lodge No. 47. He informed me that the articles in question were relics, that had long been cherished in a distinguished family, and that they were all that remained of a once princely mansion that was now leveled and scattered. The articles were duly returned to their proper owner. But what touched me most deeply in the interesting correspondence with Bro. Asher, was the following, which I extract from one of his letters to me:

"Please inform Bro. S——, that recently, while visiting the so-called old American grave-yard, I found the grave of his nephew, with a tombstone bearing the following inscription: 'Charles C. Seely, First Lieutenant, Company A., 42nd Indiana Volunteers, killed in action August 5, 1862.' 'Honor to whom honor is due;' and those of the Adjutant of his regiment, a Sergeant of his company, and another officer. These graves require some attention, which I will cheerfully give from time to time, if Bro. S. will by letter authorize me to do so; for, as the work was done by the United States authorities, it may require a written authorization and consent of the commanding officer here."

Could we find one of our Southern brethren standing sentinel over the ashes of the honored dead, although the deceased came as a stranger and enemy to the spot where those honored ashes lie. How beautiful, how delicate, how affectionate! What higher testimonial can Masons ask than this of the effect produced by its kind offices? Where is there a brother who is not anxious to participate in this work of brotherly love and harmony?

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Four Notes.

SIGN AT PRAYER.—This sign which is used at prayer, and which is supposed by most to be a sign of fidelity, is an ancient sign, or rather posture, of the W. M., and it is to be presumed that members, seeing the W. M. in this position at such period, imitated him, and thence it has become general. It cannot be assumed that a sign of the second degree should be a sign of the first degree or a third.

RIGHT WORSHIPFUL.—At an early period, all Lodges and Worshipful Masters were called indiscriminately Right Worshipful or Worshipful. This was by a confusion as to the dignities of guilds, for only some guilds or companies are Right Worshipful or of knightly rank, the main number being Worshipful or Esquire's rank. Hence, during the transition period, the title of Right Worshipful having been distributed among the Scotch and Continental Lodges, and Master was retained by them, while the English have settled down to the title of Worshipful.

QUORUM IN A LODGE.—There is some reason to believe that, although for the ceremonies of the first degree the number now adopted anciently prevailed, there was a quorum of five for ordinary business, and which included one F. C. and one E. A. P.

M. G.—According to an old authority, whom I choose not to quote, the Senior E. A. P. performed duties something between those of a Deacon and I. G. His station was in the S. The Junior E. A. P. acted as O. G. He was stationed in the N., and his business was to keep off all C——. Part of the duties of I. G. were performed by a Warden.—*Bro. Hyde Clarke.*

Obtuse Angle.

"An oblong square is frequently spoken of in the teachings of Masonry. If it exists, what is it? If it don't, why is it alluded to?"

Answer.—The figure spoken of as an oblong square is really a parallelogram, that is, a figure with right angles, but having the sides longer than the ends; but as we understand it, a square is a figure having equal sides and right angles.

It is obvious that such a figure cannot be oblong, and we presume that the term "oblong square" is but one of the many perversions that have crept into the ritual in its progress through the mouths of illiterate men, just as many speak of the theological ladder *ascending* from earth to heaven, and as a well known craftsman persists in saying, "When all was in *chaos* and confusion."

As long as facility in remembering and glibness in repeating certain phrases is made the stepping-stone to advancement, it can hardly be expected that grammatical or even tolerable accuracy should be the rule in delivering the ritual.

When Masonry gets over the present hurry, and has time to select men duly qualified to hold the gavel of command, these inaccuracies will disappear.—*National Freemason.*

DRY GOODS, ETC.

SOUTHERN STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS, NEW YORK COST!

OUR ENTIRE STOCK OF

—ARE STILL OFFERED AT—

We are satisfied our Goods were bought as low as any in the city.

HOWELL, WOOD & CO., 332 Main Street.
dec7

SOUTHERN PALACE!

STRAUSS BLUM 213 MAIN Street.

Merrimack Calico at 6¼ cts.
New York Mills Bleached Muslins at 11c.
Heavy Brown Demestics at 7 cts.
Irish Poplins at 13 cts.
Alpacas at 9 cts.
Linseys at 10 cts.
Osnaburgs at 8 cts.
Delaines at 5 cts.
10-4 White Wool Blankets at 90 cts.
Men's Calf Sewed Boots at $1 25.
Men's Wax Brogans at 15 cts.
Women's Shoes, all styles, at 10 cts.
Coats' Spool Thread we throw in.
Men's White Shirts, 40 cts.

THESE are the prices that STRAUSS & BLUM will sell their goods at after they commence their

SELLING OFF SALE,

and this will take place when their competitors have got through with their

GREAT CLEARING SALE,

As the presumption is that this will take place

Before the First of January Next,

And as they are not

Compelled to Leave Town,

they will still hold on to their old prices until further notice.

Don't Forget the Place.
STRAUSS & BLUM,
213 Main Street,
Next door to Ward & LeGuere's Drug Store.
dec1

NEW GOODS!

RICE & ENGEL
224 MAIN STREET,
ARE RECEIVING THEIR
FALL STOCK
Of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Ready-Made Clothing and
PLANTATION SUPPLIES.
We also pay special attention to the sale of Cotton, and will fill orders for Plantation Supplies for all who may favor us with their patronage. se28 3m

TOYS AT WHOLESALE:

Menken Brothers
OFFER TO DEALERS
25 Cases German and French Toys of their own Importation, at New York Prices.
no 24-1m

SOUTHERN
TRIMMING EMPORIUM

JAMES G. MOFFATT,
347 Main St., South of Union,
IMPORTER OF
Ladies' Dress and Cloak Trimmings,
French and German Buttons,
Fancy Goods, Notions,
Zephyr Worsted,
Worsted Patterns,
Real Laces, English Hosiery,
Toys, French Corsets,
Agent for the celebrated
Boulevard Hoop Skirts

NEW GOODS!
All the Latest Novelties of the Season!
Every Article Sold by a First Class
DRY GOODS ESTABLISHMENT
TO BE HAD AT
THOMAS & ARNOLD'S
203 Main Street,
(Between Overton and Worsham Hotels),
For Cash, at Prices to Defy Competition!

WE have connected with our house a Cotton Office, and will pay special attention to the sale of Cotton. Will fill orders for Bagging and Rope, and all kinds of Supplies, at the Lowest Cash Prices. All orders must be accompanied by Cash, Cotton, or some saleable produce. se21 3m

VENDIG & BRO.,
226 Main Street.
WE would call the attention of the Public to the fact that having entirely altered and improved our premises, we are desirous of selling out the present Stock of DRY GOODS at prices which we do not publish for a PUFF and BLOW, but would simply ask of a discriminating public to come and

Look at the Goods,

And then judge for yourselves. Adopting for our motto, "HONESTY IS THE BEST POLICY," we shall adhere strictly to it in all the details of our business, and endeavor to give every satisfaction to those who favor us with their patronage.

We do not intend to "give up business" or "dissolve partnership," but shall sell goods at prices which are an advertisement of themselves, feeling confident that an intelligent public will soon see the difference between WORDS and ACTIONS. Remember,

Everything is Reduced in Prices,

and having one of the LARGEST Stocks in the city, we are certain of being able to SUIT YOU WITH WHAT YOU WANT.

We also have a very heavy stock of BOOTS AND SHOES, CLOTHING AND GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

JOHN S. C. HOGAN & CO.

SATURDAY, : : : : DECEMBER 14, 1867.

Vera Atque Honesta Dicere.

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PRINCIPLES GOVERNING THE CONDUCT OF THE APPEAL.

A GOVERNMENT of white men for white men; and no political miscegenation.

LOYALTY to the Union of the STATES: FIDELITY to the Constitution in its true extent and meaning: Obedience to and maintenance of all law, State and National, constitutionally enacted.

RESISTANCE to Tyranny, Usurpation and Oppression, of one man or many; and to all encroachments upon the rights of *freemen* or of States, or upon the just and Constitutional prerogatives of any Department of the State or National Governments.

NO ESTABLISHMENTS of Military despotisms, no enthroning of martial law, no suspension of the writ of Habeas Corpus, no slaying of citizens by Military Commission, no interference with the Courts, no *lettres de cachet*, in time of peace.

STRICT SUBORDINATION of the Military to the Civil Power.

NO STANDING ARMIES of States in time of peace.

RESTORATION of disfranchised citizens to all rights and privileges of which they have been disseized; no prosecutions or disqualifications for political opinions; for the FAST, oblivion of offences; for the PRESENT and FUTURE, UNION, PEACE, LAW and ORDER.

PERPETUAL ASSURANCE to all freemen of the African race, of all the CIVIL rights of freemen.

NO REPUDIATION, by State or Nation, of any honest and lawful debt.

NO REVIVAL of old party differences; but a Union of all Conservative men, of all former parties, who revere the Constitution, to restore the old land-marks of the Government.

NO LEGISLATION to plunder one portion of the country for the profit of another portion.

WHATEVER is JUST; whatever is RIGHT; whatever is of GOOD REPUTE, and worthy of the descendants of English freemen

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

No notice can be taken of anonymous Communications. Whatever is intended for insertion in the APPEAL, must be authenticated by the name and address of the writer, as a guarantee of his good faith and responsibility.

Business letters should be addressed to "THE APPEAL," Memphis.

Communications for publication must be written on one side of the page only, and with all other matters connected with the editorial department, should be addressed: EDITORS OF THE APPEAL, Memphis.

We cannot, as a rule, undertake to return articles not found suitable for publication.

CARRYING THE WAR INTO AFRICA.

We published an apparently well authenticated account, some days since, of the wholesale butchery by the King of Abyssinia—a country in the interior of Africa—of some twenty five hundred of his own subjects, under circumstances of atrocity which establish the fact that the tyrant belongs to the lowest and most brutal class of savages. It matters not, however, whether this account be true or apochryphal, as an index of the character of this monster. He is well known, from his general cruelties and debased practices, to be inferior to the wild beasts of the jungles that surround him, in all the attributes which constitute a civilized man. The cruelties practiced by him upon some of his captives, subjects of Great Britain, and whom he holds in captivity, for the purpose of extorting large ransoms, have induced the English Government to fit out and send to Abyssinia a formidable military expedition, with the view of punishing the barbarian and rescuing from a thraldom worse than death his wretched victims. With these acknowledged outlines of the character of the Abyssinian tyrant, our readers will perhaps not be prepared to learn that Mr. CHANDLER, of Michigan, has introduced into the Senate of the United States a resolution *to recognize the belligerent rights of Abyssinia in the contest between that debased tribe and Great Britain.* When this resolution was first introduced, the press and the intellizent public received it as a clumsy and dull joke of the blood-thirsty Michigander, who was the first to propose "blood-letting," before the late war, as a remedy for the dissensions of the country. But the Senator was determined that he should not be misunderstood, and would not accept the amiable criticisms of the public press upon his enlightened and statesmanlike proceeding. Accordingly, that his true character might become manifest, throughout the world, and that the American Senator should receive a stain, vulgar and ineffaceable, by proposing in the Senate, with the utmost gravity, a piratical alliance with a savage and a cannibal, Mr. CHANDLER again called up his resolution, in the Senate, on last Monday, the 9th instant. In the remarks which he made, on that occasion, Mr. CHANDLER proposed a practical alliance with the Ethiopian savage, *under color of naval commissions to be pretendedly issued by the King of Abyssinia*, with the view of fitting out piratical expeditions in the waters of the United States against the commerce of England. That the full scope and tenor of the volunteer ally of the Abyssinian King may be thoroughly seen, we subjoin the report of his remarks from the *National Intelligencer:*

Mr. Chandler called up his resolution to recognize the belligerent rights of Abyssinia. He repeated that it only differed from the British proclamation of neutrality in the substitution of names. It was designed to reciprocate the courtesy of the British Government in 1861. This had been called a good joke. It was the farthest possible remove from a joke. If it was such, it was never equalled before but by that joke of 1861, but for which the rebellion would have been put down in six months, and two hundred thousand lives and two thousand millions of dollars would have been saved. Those rebels were in the same situation as was the devil, when he tempted our Saviour and offered him the kingdom of the earth. Neither of them had anything to give. Everything the rebels had belonged to the United States. Good feeling towards the mother country had existed here before that time. What justification was there, then, for that proclamation? Over eight thousand ships, too, had been lost by that recognition. He called attention to the similarity of the condition of the lately rebellious States and Abyssinia. In 1861 he had claimed that every dollar lost to this nation by this act should be either paid or retaliated for. In 1864 he had offered a resolution of similar import, and the United States had then a fleet that could have maintained that policy. In 1865 he had offered a resolution of non-intercourse, and in 1866 a resolution making neutrality laws similar to those of Great Britain. Had Great Britain acknowledged the Alabama claims of the United States, he would have been silent; but she had thrown them out of court. That proclamation of neutrality had necessitated a ten per cent. war risk on vessels. Great Britain could not restore the lives lost by it, but she could refund every dollar. Those claims were a first lien on every foot of land on this continent and the adjacent islands owned by Great Britain, which would be sufficient remuneration. I would satisfy the national honor. He would never again refer to the Alabama claims until this mortgage was foreclosed. If the statesmanship of this proclamation was bad, it was Great Britain's, not ours. Referring to the Divine injunction, "If thine enemy smite thee," etc., he said nations have no souls, they must be punished on this earth. Great Britain must be punished for her national sins, as we have been for ours. Abyssinia was a government thousands of years before Great Britain was a nation.

It appeared there had been some love propositions between Victoria and the King of Abyssinia. He knew nothing about that; but the United States should exercise perfect neutrality in such matter, and let Kings and Princes decide those matters for themselves. The King of Abyssinia claimed to be, and no doubt was, a descendant of King Soloman. He referred to an opinion expressed by Mr. Seward, that the flag of Switzerland should be recognized on the ocean, as she was a sister Republic. He believed messengers were on their way here from Abyssinia to procure ships of-war, etc. He believed that flag should be recognized, and he would, if a British ship-of-war chased one of them into a United States port, compel her to remain under the guns of a fort until the Abyssinian vessel had twenty-four hours' start. Give Great Britain a dose, not a homeopathic one, of her own medicine. [Laughter.] Let the Abyssinians light up old ocean with the burning ships of Great Britain. If the King of Abyssinia enlisted seamen here, he hoped perfect neutrality would be observed. He believed if the resolution passed, that from ten to fifty privateers would be on the seas in one hundred days, and British chronometers would be cheap in this market as American chronometers were once in Great Britain.

It is difficult to conceive of the purpose of so disgraceful a proposition as is here set forth. It may arise from the pitiful motive to have his name appear in the London *Times*, and gibbeted wherever humanity, civilization and Christianity extend, being akin to the ambition of the youth who fired the Ephesian dome; or it may proceed from the belief that the Senator may commend himself more effectually than his confreres to the African population of the United States, who are absurdly supposed by him to sympathize with the cause of those African chiefs who made steak of their ancestors in their mother land; or it may be intended as one of Mr. CHANDLER'S *refined* insults to the white population of the United States, by placing them on the same political level with respect to neutrality and the laws regulating the same with the Abyssinian savages.

Whatever may be the motives of the Senator, whether they be either of the foregoing or composed of all of them, we think it evident that he will succeed in the first, that of being *hoisted on his own petard.* He has indelibly associated his name with the most infamous and disgraceful proposition, which a recreant to humanity and civilization ever dared to broach in any deliberate body of enlightened men. It seems that he would deliberately precipitate his country into war with one of the first-class military powers of the earth and against the sympathies of every other enlightened nation in Christendom, to gratify a fiendish malignity, and in alliance with a tribe which is scarcely one remove from the wild beasts, in civilization. Such a war he invites, at a time when his Government is overwhelmed with debt, when its resources are paralyzed, its industries suspended, its States not restored to that harmony and fraternity necessary to the vigorous prosecution of a foreign war, and when the result is sure to be attended with the deepest reproach to his country's name. With all the fanatical instincts which have heretofore characterized the dominant party in the North, and which are now, to some extent, on the ebb, we are not willing to believe that Mr. CHANDLER can enlist a single ally, of any prominence or reputed decency, in a scheme so atrocious and cold-blooded, and which is marked by all the incidents that belong to shameless corruption and fanatical recklessness, mingled with the coarser brutality of the human butcher, the midnight incendiary and the marplot of Christian civilization.

A REMARKABLE MANIFESTO OF NORTHERN SENTIMENT.

From the tenor of the following article we are satisfied that the intensity of the feeling in the North on the effort of the Radicals to establish negro equality throughout the Union, is not at all understood here. Only last Monday the House of Representatives passed a bill, by considerably more than a two-thirds majority, which had previously been passed by the Senate, to strike out the word "white" wherever it occurred in the charters of Washington or Georgetown or the laws of the District of Columbia. The effect of this bill is to open wide the doors to negroes to hold office, sit on juries and perform all other civil duties which have heretofore devolved on white men. This has been done in defence of the opinion of the great Central States, which have, in their recent elections, so decisively voted down negro suffrage. The passage of such measures cannot but have a most dangerous and exciting effect upon the public mind of the North. It is their undeniable tendency to bridy about a war of races.

Accordingly we are not surprised to read, in a very recent Northern paper, such a startling statement as the following, from the Evansville (Ind.) *Courier:*

NEGRO EXCITEMENT.—We were shown yesterday a notice which was taken from a door in school district No. 7, in this county, warning all negroes to leave the district on or before New Year's eve, else summary measures would be resorted to to remove them by force, regardless of consequences. The notice was written in a large, bold hand, and evidently shows that the writer knows "whereof he writes"

This is a bold step, and may lead to fatal consequences. We are not in favor of mob law under any circumstances, but no intelligent man, unless steeped in party prejudice, can but know that we are fast approaching a crisis—a war of races—not only in the South, but in the North. A change of programme in our National Congress may avert this fearful contest. But let the present Congress impose their nefarious reconstruction policy on the people of this country—thereby fastening negro domination over us, and the white laboring men of this country will be the yoke, "peaceably if they can, forcibly if they must." So mote it be.

The words of this writer seem to be well measured, and these would appear to be a deep sentiment in the community which is prepared to sustain him in their import. If such be the effect of the measures of Congress, in States where the blacks are but a mere "drop in the bucket," how must they operate here where the evil will fall upon us like the locusts of Egypt? Nothing but a determined purpose in the North to put down Radical doctrines can save the country. North and South, from horrors far more to be deprecated than any through which we have passed. We do not think it can be fairly doubted that the Radicals will not be permitted to carry out their nefarious purposes. Their arm will be arrested by the strong will of an outraged and oppressed people. They will be called to the bar of public judgment, and condemnation will be pronounced against them in language so emphatic that they will not dare longer to outrage an incensed constituency. Forbearance is fast losing its hold upon the popular mind of the North, and is evidently not regarded as a virtue to be cherished in a crisis like the present.

CONSERVATIVE CONVENTION AT MONTGOMERY.

A very large mass meeting of Conservatives was held in Montgomery, Alabama, on the 5th inst., being the evening of the adjournment of the Alabama Convention, which was addressed by Col. Forsyth, of Mobile, Mr. Hodgson and Mr. J. H. Speed, a member of the Convention.

The spirit of Col. Forsyth's remarks are embodied in the following eloquent extracts:

"We must hold the Southern citadel until the great army of the National Democracy can succor us with reinforcements. We are in Lucknow, we hear the bagpipes, we see the flashing bayonets of the advancing relief, we know the 'Campbells are coming,' but meantime the Sepoys are upon us, and for our liberties and lives, for our wives and children, we must hold the human devils at bay."

Mr. Forsyth concluded his speech with the following definition of the Conservatives' attitude toward the blacks:

"We must struggle to pull the negro race out of the fangs of the vipers who, like the anaconda, slimes the victim the more easily to devour him. We must convince them that the devils are driving them like a flock of sheep—as innocent as ignorant—to the brink of the precipice, over the verge of which is a war of races wherein numbers, experience and intellectual superiority can lead to but one issue, their extermination from the face of the land. The negro must be taught that while we wish him every earthly and heavenly blessing, while we would give him every civil right, security to life, to property, to education for his children, temples in which to worship his God, guidance, friendship and protection, that it is written in the decrees of nature that he can nowhere dominate over the white man, and that in this Government, created expressly by white men and for white men, he never shall do it."

After several other speakers had made brief addresses, the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

"*Resolved*, That regarding the Constitution framed by the 'Reconstruction Convention,' as containing provisions which, if ratified and enforced, would be destructive of the peace and harmony of society and the true interest of the white and black races, we are unqualifiedly opposed to its ratification, and will use every effort to insure its defeat.

"*Resolved*, That the Conservative Club of Montgomery county earnestly urge upon all opponents of Radicalism throughout the State, to organize clubs in every county and precinct in the State for the purpose of informing and instructing the colored people in their true interests, and accomplishing the defeat of the bogus State Constitution."

THE NEWS.

—Missionaries say China is full of secret political societies.

—The new Postoffice at Boston is to cost $450,000.

—Over one hundred thousand sheep have been driven from Oregon to California this year.

—It now seems the Alaska appropriation bill will probably pass by a small majority.

—Travelers will be glad to know the three railroad depots at Augusta, Ga., are to be connected by rail.

—Robinson Crusoe appears dramatized on the French stage, and is very popular.

—Kansas has sweet potatoes in enormous size and quantities this season.

—Pensacola is soon to be the rendezvous of United States vessels of war in the gulf. Among them will be two flag ships.

—Brick Pomeroy is constructing a skating rink.

—Australia has taller trees than California.

—Mr. R. Ten Broeck, of turf notoriety, is at present on a visit to Lexington, Ky.

—Apples were raised for the first time in Minnesota this season.

—Hurricanes have rather depreciated some of Mr. Seward's late acquisitions in real estate.

—A Democratic Mayor was elected at Manchester, New Hampshire, Tuesday, by 300 majority.

—An extensive smuggling business over the Grand Trunk railroad has been discovered.

—Susceptible opera goers in Gotham are all in love with the charming Lambele.

—Several applications for the throne of Abyssinia have been made to the British Government. One applicant claims to have descended from King Solomon.

—Mrs. Sarah Bullock, of Ballston Spa, N. Y., is raising her third crop of teeth, at the age of 88 years.

—Admiral Thatcher is allowed by Congress to accept a proffered decoration from the ebony ruler of Hayti.

—Rev. Dr. Ambrose Manahan, an eminent Roman Catholic preacher and writer, died at Troy on Monday.

—Prentice says the Radicals look only to the interest of the blacks. They have no whites in their eyes.

—Senator Henderson, Gen. Sherman, and Commissioner Taylor will soon report the operations of the Indian Peace Commission.

—The Portland (Maine) *Star* says that moose and deer will soon disappear from that State altogether.

—During the month of November, there were 15,167 acres of land entered at the La Crosse (Wis.) land office.

—Butler is at the Metropolitan, New York, and the waiters have strict injunctions to serve him with plated ware.

—The old Synagogue on Wentworth street, Charleston, S. C., will be dedicated Christmas day, by Bishop Lynch, as a Catholic Church for the use of colored people.

—A San Francisco paper looks forward to the time when grapes from California, by the Pacific railroad, will be retailed in the Atlantic States at five cents per pound. That editor is *far* seeing.

LEGISLATIVE.

SENATE—WEDNESDAY.

A bill was introduced by Senator Rogers incorporating the Tennessee Manufacturing Association, with B. B. Meeker, E. N. Dean, James R. Liddle, Richard Price, Eugene Underwood and John C. Oswold, of Minnesota; Lucius Barbour, Calvin Day and D. N. Norton, of Cincinnati, incorporators. The incorporators propose to invest $250,000 in manufactures in this State within twelve months, on condition that the State will exempt from taxation and give them a premium of five per cent. on all goods manufactured by this association. Passed first reading, and referred to the Committee on Internal Improvements.

The Senate non-concurred in the House joint resolution indorsing Thad. Stevens' scheme of confiscation by the following vote:

Ayes—Messrs. Carey, Echel, Elliott, Frierson, Fuson, Garner, Henderson, Lyle, McCall, Norman, Patterson, Parker, Smith, Underwood, Wyatt and Wilson—16.

Noes—Messrs. Aldridge, Eaton, Keith, Matthews, Rodgers and Mr. Speaker Senter—6.

House joint resolution requesting our Representatives in Congress to vote for the impeachment of the President, was adopted. The Senate Committee had reported for the rejection of the resolution, but in order to sustain the vote just given by the Tennessee Representatives in Congress in favor of impeachment, they concurred in the House resolution.

An act to change and fix the time for electing Representatives to Congress; the time fixed is the first Thursday in August, first Monday in 1868, and the same time every two years thereafter, passed the third reading.

The bill requiring the Comptroller to issue his warrant to pay the amount now due the Metropolitan Police of Charlestown, was passed by a vote of 14 to 9.

Adjourned to 9 a.m. Thursday.

HOUSE.

By Mr. Walker—A bill providing that the Speakers and principal Clerks of both Houses of the Assembly shall receive eight dollars per day, and other members and officers six dollars per day, and mileage at the rate of five dollars for every twenty-five miles going and returning, provided that no pay shall be received for a longer session than ninety days, and that per diem shall not be allowed for a longer period than ten days of vacation. Referred to the Finance Committee.

By Mr. Bosson—A bill requiring property holders, along the lines of the several railroads in this State, to keep up their stock or make their enclosures and stop gaps in such a way as to prevent their stock from getting on the track of said roads. Referred to the Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Aynatt—A bill to establish a system of registration of births, marriages and deaths in the State of Tennessee. Referred to the Judiciary Committee.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

House Bill No. 90—To prohibit the sale of pictures of Jeff. Davis or Robert E. Lee, passed.

House Bill No. 91—To increase and amend the exemption and homestead law of the State, was taken up.

The special committee to whom the bill was referred, reported a bill in lieu, which was adopted, which exempts in the hands of heads of families a homestead of not more than one hundred and sixty acres, and not exceeding one thousand dollars in value, or its equivalent in any other kind of property; also seven hundred dollars worth of property, including chooses in action, and for each child under twelve years of age, one hundred dollars.

Mr. Ryder, Chairman of the Committee, explained that the Committee had fully considered the several bills on this subject which had been referred to it, and, in framing the bill presented in lieu, had endeavored to secure the benefits of the law alike to all classes of the community. In his opinion it was unjust that the owner of real property should have special privileges which were not granted to the mechanic who, in many instances, owned only personal property. The library of the lawyer, the surgical instruments and medical library of the physician, and the tools of the mechanic, were as necessary to them as were land and farming implements to the farmer, and should be as fully protected. The bill provided that in case a party owned no real estate, then an equivalent of personal property, to the amount of $1000, should be exempt. This he thought no more than just, giving equal advantages to all.

The subject elicited a lengthy discussion, and the bill, with the amendment, was finally referred to the Judiciary Committee.

House adjourned until 9 a.m. Thursday.

Repudiation.

A late number of the *Turf, Field and Farm*, a high-toned sporting and agricultural paper, published in New York, contains an article which, if it is in no sense of the word a political paper, is very suggestive. It speaks of the extreme depression of business, of the poverty of the laboring classes, and the widely extending suffering among the poor. It says that in New York alone there is said to be at the present time ten thousand without employment. The number of mechanics, clerks, and laborers without work, from the prevailing stagnation, and steadily verging towards want, will swell the total to fearful proportions. In such a strait it is no wonder that common people talk less gingerly about repudiation than formerly. The *Turf* upon this topic has the following:

"Repudiation is no word of ours, but it is surprising how it has grown into use within one year. To lisp it at one time was considered disloyal and even dangerous to personal liberty; but a change has come over the sentiment of the masses, and while Congress is busy in legislating for the next Presidency, and astute politicians are proclaiming the the soundness of the public debt, this one word is growing into a mighty power in the agricultural West, and rapidly coming into favor in the mechanical East. Its use even in this city at present where men do congregate, is frequent; and it is finding its way under this labor stagnation among the hardfisted, honest sons of toil, who earn their bread in God's appointed way, to an extent that is really surprising. A thousand millions of taxation is doing its work. A paralyzed trade, labor beggared, and confidence destroyed, may drive the people into the support of a measure which their sturdy honesty does not approve, and, perhaps, settle the question of the next Presidency. Stranger things than this have happened"

BY TELEGRAPH

Night Dispatches.

[WESTERN ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORTS.]

FROM NEW ORLEANS.

The Convention adjourned last night until Monday to give the committees time to report.

FROM NASHVILLE.

Common Carrier Bill Passed by the Senate.

NASHVILLE, December 13.—The Senate to-day passed the Common Carrier bill allowing negroes on railroads the same privileges as white people.

FROM THE FRONTIER.

The Sioux Refuse a Treaty of Peace, unless the Forts are Abandoned—Meeting of the Dakotah Legislature.

CHICAGO, December 13.—Fort Laramie advices to the 8th say that a party of Sioux came in desiring to make peace. They report that the main body of that tribe will not treat till the forts in their country are abandoned. Red Cloud, the chieftain, says he will fight the whites as long as there is a man left. Indian couriers come in daily from war parties, and go back daily, unmolested, carrying provisions and ammunition.

The Dakotah Legislature met at Yankton Monday. They have a Republican majority, for the first time in the history of this Territory.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Selection of Grounds for the New White House—Meeting of the Indian Commissioners—Commissioner of Patents Tenders His Resignation—Report of the Directors of the Bureau of Statistics—Congressional Matters.

WASHINGTON, December 13.—The Committee on the subject of National Banks and a new White House, have determined on the selection of 260 acres in the northwest portion of the city behind Columbia College. This tract embraces Rock Creek and most beautiful scenery around Washington.

The Indian Commissioners met last night and were engaged till a late hour in discussing points to be embraced in their report. They adjourned to meet again on the 28th inst.

The Commissioner of Patents gradually gives way before the pressure brought to bear upon him by the President, and tenders his resignation, to take effect on the 15th of January.

Directors of Bureau statistics reports exports of the United States for the quarter ending October 1st, were $90,000,000; while for the corresponding period in 1866 they were $78,000,000.

The House Committee on elections this morning finished hearing the evidence in the case of Brown, of Kentucky, but will not take a vote till after all cases from that State have been heard. Next week the Committee promises to hear arguments in the cases of Trimble, contested by Simms, and Young, contested by McKee.

The Senate will probably not pass the House bill suspending the power of the Secretary of the Treasury to contract currency.

CONGRESSIONAL.

HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, December 13.—House resolution was adopted instructing the Committee on Ways and Means to inquire into the expediency of exempting from stamp duty all official bonds executed to or for religious, charitable or benevolent societies.

The House resolved itself into a Committee of the Whole on the State of the Union, and after a "flat, stale and unprofitable" discussion, adjourned.

SENATE.

The bill exempting raw cotton was taken up, and, after some discussion, postponed.

Wilson called up House bill securing to families of soldiers the bounties to which they are entitled, with amendments, which, he said, would accomplish the desired object.

Edmond said the amendments provided that on the death of the wife and children the bounty should go to next of kin. This was going too far, and he moved to extend to wife and children only. Amendment agreed to and bill passed.

Senate then passed House resolution of adjournment from December 20th to January 6th, by a vote of 24 to 19.

Morrill's legal tender bill was again taken up.

Caskett, of Oregon, read a long speech in opposition to the bill, and closed by moving to refer it to the Financial Committee, together with a bill heretofore issued by him, providing for the issue of gold notes to take the place of legal tenders, and to facilitate the resumption of specie payment. His motion was agreed to.

Senate adjourned till Monday.

TELEGRAPHIC MARKETS.

NEW ORLEANS, December 13.—Cotton steadier; Orleans, 14½@15c; sales to-day 2800 bales; receipts 7142 bales; exports 3694 bales; sales of the week 22,300; receipts 24,531; exports, foreign, 1723, coastwise, 958; stock 92,650 bales. Sugar, easier. Common 8@10; fully fair 10½@10¾. Molasses unchanged. Flour, superfine, firm at $9 50; choice $15 25. Corn $1 15@1 20. Oats firm at 85c. Pork easier at $24 25. Bacon, shoulders, retailing 11@11½; clear sides 15¾. Lard, no sales quoted, prime tierce 14½; keg 14¾. Sterling 42@45. New York sight ¼c discount. Gold 324@33.

NEW YORK, December 13.—Cotton rather more active, and ¼c better; sales 2000 bales at 15½@15¾c. Flour dull; superfine, $8 55@9 15. Whisky, nominal. Wheat lower. Corn very heavy, 1@2c better. Oats 83¼@84c. Rice quiet; Carolina, 8¾c. Coffee dull. Sugar steadier; Havana 11½c. Molasses dull, $21 25. Lard nominal, 12½@13½c.

Money easy at 6@7; sterling, 9½@9; gold, 33; Government stocks without decided change; stocks quiet.

CINCINNATI, December 13.—Flour, dull; family, $11 25@12 50. Wheat, dull and nominal; $2 55 for No. 1 red. Corn, dull; 85c for new ear. Rye, firm at $1 58. Barley, firm at $1 60@1 65. Gold unchanged. Hogs, dull and unsettled, $6 25@7 gross; $8@8 75 for dressed. Mess Pork, dull at $22. Lard, firmer at 12½c. Green meats, dull; shoulders, 7½; sides, 7½; hams, 11½c. Bulk meats, dull; 8@10½c for shoulders and sides. Butter scarce, 36@40c. Cheese, steady, 14@15c. Coffee and sugar, unchanged; good to choice coffee, 22@25c; Cuba sugar, 12@13c; Porto Rico, 12½@13½c; refined, 17@17½.

LOUISVILLE, December 13.—Tobacco, easier, $6@27 for light lugs to leaf. Flour, steady at $8 for superfine. Wheat, $2 25@2 55. Corn in ear, 80@85c. Oats, 65@66c in bulk. Groceries and provisions, quiet. Hogs, packed, 6@6¾c gross. Lard, 13½c. Cotton, 14@14½c. Whisky, in bond, 30@32c.

LONDON, December 13.—Consols, 92½; 5 20s, 71 11 16. Illinois Central, 89½. Erie, 48¾.

FRANKFORT, December 13.—Bonds, 76 11-16.

PARIS, December 13.—Bullion in Bank of France has increased 14,000,000 francs.

LIVERPOOL, December 13.—Cotton sales for the week ending yesterday, 68,000 bales; 12,000 for export and 4000 for speculation. Stock, 443,000 bales, of which 59,000 are American. Uplands, 7¾; Orleans, 7¾. Sales, 10,000 bales. Corn advanced; closed firm at 46s 6d. Other articles unchanged.

ST. LOUIS, December 13.—Tobacco is steady and unchanged; lugs, $6@8; Common to Shipping Leaf, $8@15. Flour is very firm; Superfine, $6@7; X, $8@8 75; XX, $9@10; XXX to fancy, $10 50@13 55. Wheat is higher; Spring, $2@2 05. Corn is firm; prime to choice, 98c@$1. Oats are firm but inactive, 76@78c. Barley, $1 0@1 25. Fall Rye is higher, $1 68@1 75. Provisions are weak. Pork nominal, $21 50@22 50. Shoulders, 11½@11¾. Lard, dull, 11½@12c. Hogs, lower, $4@6¾.

"I REMEMBER," says Lord Eldon, "Mr. Justice Gould trying a case at York, and when he had proceeded for about two hours, he observed, 'Here are only eleven jurymen in the box, where is the twelfth?' 'Please you, my Lord,' said one of the eleven, 'he has gone away about some other business—but he has left his verdict with me!'"

THE New York *World* defines its position on the negro suffrage question as follows: "The plan we suggested is one which the excluded States (each acting for itself) could well afford to adopt; namely, first a probation of five years from Lee's surrender (the date of actual emancipation); second, negro suffrage on a property qualification for thirty years thereafter; third, leaving the next generation to make the suffrage universal or not, as the qualified voters might determine. This would put the Southern negroes on the same footing as Jamaica negroes emigrating to New York—five years' probation and property suffrage."

A LETTER from Abyssinia, dated October 31st, hears of the return, two days previously, of Col. Merriwether and his party from reconnoitering the country to the southward, after a severe march of 150 miles. In the country they traversed—how for the first time visited by Europeans—they found but little water, and that in wells. In parts the thermometer ranged at 110. The passes were through beds of torrents, with huge masses of rock on every side. The landing pier at Zulla, 350 yards long, was finished, and a great portion of tramway had already been laid down. Troops were arriving daily, and Annesley Bay was rapidly assuming as busy an aspect as Bombay harbor. Of Theodore there is no intelligence, but he is virtually sovereign over but a small portion of the country now.

The New British Minister to the United States.

A cable dispatch informs us of the arrival of the Hon. Edward Thornton in England from Rio Janeiro, and all doubt is now at rest as to his appointment to the post of British Minister at Washington. Mr. Thornton, who is a son of the late Sir Edward Thornton, commenced his official career about 25 years ago as an attache of the British Mission to Turin. In 1845 he was appointed paid attache at Mexico, and in 1851 Secretary of Legation to the Republic of Mexico. From April, 1852, till October 1853, he was Secretary to the late Sir Charles Hotham's special mission to the River Platte. In May, 1854 he received the appointment of *Charge d'Affairs* and Consul-General of the Republic of New Grenada, but did not proceed to Bogota; and in September, of same year he was transferred to the Oriental Republic of Uruguay. He filled that post for five years, at the end of which period he was appointed Minister Plenipotentiary to the Argentine Republic. On the 17th July, 1855, he was sent on a special mission to the Emperor of Brazil, and on the 10th of August following was appointed Envoy Extraordinary, and Minister Plenipotentiary to the Emperor of Brazil, from which post he has been just recalled to succeed the late Sir Frederick Bruce as head of the British Embassy in the United States. It will thus be seen that 22 years of Mr. Thornton's official career have been spent on this continent in different diplomatic capacities. In February, 1863, he was made a companion of the Honorable Order of the Bath, the distinction being conferred upon him as a mark of his Sovereign's approval of the ability and fidelity with which he had discharged the duties of the several offices he had successively filled in his country's service. Mr. Thornton bear's a Portuguese title of nobility —Court of Cassilhas—to which he succeeded on the death of his father, upon whom it was conferred by King John II. of Portugal for three lives, his own being one, and the others to be accomplished in his descendants in a direct and legitimate line; but the license granted by George IV., permitting Sir Edward to accept the title, forbids him or his heirs assuming or using it in the British Dominions.—N. Y. *Tribune.*

Prominent Men Comparing Notes—The Presidential Question.

NEW YORK, December 7.—The *Tribune's* Washington special says: John B. Hoskin, of New York, John Hickman, of Pennsylvania, and John F. Reynolds, all prominent Democrats, have recently arrived in Washington. Hoskin has been sounding President Johnson on the Presidential question, and at a meeting at Mr. Black's, tonight, for the purpose of comparing notes on a candidate, the chances of Johnson, Seymour, Pendleton, and others, were severally discussed, but none of them were accepted. A new man was agreed upon, and it is Gen. Hancock, Messrs. Hoskin, Reynolds, and others, who had just been with the President, stated that Mr. Johnson told them that Gen. Hancock was doing admirably, and had only begun the programme that had been laid out by them some two months ago. They allow it to be understood that Gen. Hancock was Johnson's choice, and the only man that could make a show against Grant. Consequently the clique of politicians at their meeting to-night privately nominated Gen. Hancock for the next Presidency, and pledge themselves for his support, if it could be agreed upon for Vice-President. Hoskin and Hoffman were spoken of, but Hancock being a Pennsylvanian, the West it is suggested, would claim the Vice-Presidency. Hoskin was promised the next gubernatorial nomination in New York, should Hoffman be the candidate for Vice-President, and either Sanford Echwich, Horatio Seymour or Samuel Tedden is to succeed Gov. Morgan in the Senate.

Prominent gentlemen called to-day on Gen. Rawlings, chief of Gen. Grant's staff, to learn whether the recent order of Gen. Hancock, revoking Gen. Mower's appointments, met with Gen. Grant's approval, and to elicit any information on the subject in possession of the department. Gen. Rawlings stated that when Gen. Hancock took command he received special instructions from Gen. Grant in regard to military matters in Louisiana, but whether they covered Gen. Hancock's recent action or not, he could not tell. He presumed the facts would be developed in a few days, as the subject had been brought prominently before the Acting Secretary of War and the President, by persons who approved Gen. Hancock's administration.

MARRIED.

BATTLE—TAYLOR—MANN—TAYLOR.—At the residence of the brides' father, in Haywood county, Tenn., on Tuesday, December 10, 1867, by Rev. Guilford Jones, Dr. ALFRED BATTLE and Miss IRENE TAYLOR. Also, Mr. E. A. MANN and Miss HARRIET TAYLOR.

We congratulate our dear friends on their mutual success, and hope their future life will be as full as their anticipations; that the smiles of Providence may attend their every step, granting unto them sufficient wisdom and discretion to enable them at all times to be up and doing with a heart for any fate, and eventually be joined more perfectly in the world above which has been prepared for those who labor here for the glory of God.

DIED.

MENDELAR.—At Sandoval, Ill., December 3d, LIZZIE MENDELAR, aged 27 years, wife of J. H. Mendelar.

NEW ADVERTISEME'TS

Notice.

ALL Persons having claims against the Estate of Mrs. Jane T. D. Keller, deceased, will present the same, properly authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, or they will be forever barred, to
decl3 law1w* F. M. McCLESH,
Administrator.

WANTED A SITUATION AS GARDENER. A young man, who can come well recommended, is desirous of a posit on of the above description, or will take an interest in the crop. To any person who desires a man, he cannot do better than employ the same. Direct to R. G. Craig, Nordsman, 279 Main street, or to John O'Connor, Liquor Dealer, 159 and 170, corner Market and Main streets.

Non-Resident Notice.

In the Chancery Court of Memphis, Tenn.
No. 2374, N. R. D.—Hugh L. Brinkley vs Albinus J. Francisco and Morris J. Wiggins.

IT appearing from affidavit in this cause that the defendant, Albinus J. Francisco is a non-resident of the State of Tennessee—

It is therefore ordered that he make his appearance herein, at the Courthouse in the city of Memphis, Tenn., on the first Monday in February, 1868, and plead, answer or demur to complainant's bill, or the same will be taken for confessed as to him and set for hearing ex parte, and that a copy of this order be published once a week for four successive weeks in the Memphis Appeal.

A copy—Attest:
AUGUSTUS A. TAYLOR, Clerk & Master.
By R. J. BLACK, Deputy Clerk & Master.
Heiskill, Scott & Heiskill, Sols. for Compl't.
decl4 law4w

Non-Resident Notice.

In the Chancery Court of Memphis, Tenn.
No. 2385.—Jno. B. West vs. E. W. M. King, Samuel P. Walker, W. M. Baxter et al.

IT appearing from affidavit in this cause that the defendant, Robert Mullen, is a resident of the State of Mississippi, and a non-resident of the state of Tennessee—

It is therefore ordered that he make his appearance herein, at the Courthouse in the city of Memphis, Tenn., on or before the first Monday in February, 1868, and plead, answer or demur to complainant's bill, or the same will be taken for confessed as to him and set for hearing ex parte, and that a copy of this order be published once a week for four successive weeks in the Memphis Appeal.

A copy—Attest:
AUGUSTUS A. TAYLOR, Clerk & Master.
By R. J. BLACK, Deputy Clerk & Master.
Wilson & Beard, Sols. for complainant.
decl4 law4w

Notice in Bankruptcy.

United States of America, Western District of Tennessee—ss.

THIS is to give notice that on the 11th day of December, A. D. 1867, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of Edward F. Lane, of Memphis, in the county of Shelby, and State of Tennessee, who has been adjudged a bankrupt, on his own petition; that the payment of any debts, and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law. That a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at office No. 257 Main street, in Waldran Block, Memphis, Tenn., before Thomas J. Latham, Esq., Register, on the 3d day of January, A. D. 1868, at 11 o'clock a.m.

Memphis, Tenn., 11th day of December, A. D. 1867.
J. M. TOMENY,
U. S. Marshal, Messenger.
By J. B. BINGHAM,
Deputy U. S. Marshal, Messenger.
decl4 2t

Notice in Bankruptcy.

United States of America, Western District of Tennessee—ss.

THIS is to give notice that on the 11th day of December, A. D. 1867, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of Solomon Cohen, of Memphis, in the county of Shelby,

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

THOMAS MOFFET is a candidate for Alderman of the Eighth Ward at the ensuing election. dec11 te

JOHN NEWSOM is a candidate for City Tax Collector at the ensuing municipal election. dec10 te

J. D. DAVIS is a candidate for re-election as City Tax Collector on Privileges. dec8 te

J. P. FOSTER is a candidate for city Tax Collector, at the ensuing election. dec7

WE are authorized to announce Captain STEVE W. WILKINS as a candidate for re-election to the office of Wharfmaster, at the ensuing election. dec7

FOR CITY TAX COLLECTOR ON PRIVILEGES.—We are authorized to announce WILLIAM UNDERWOOD as a candidate for the office of City Tax Collector on Privileges, at the ensuing election. dec5 te

ALEXANDER M. FERGUSON is a candidate for Alderman of the Seventh Ward, at the ensuing Municipal election. dec5 te

W. O. LOFLAND is a candidate for re-election to the office of Mayor at the election 20 January. dec5 te

WE are authorized to announce ROBERT GOOD as a candidate for Wharfmaster at the ensuing municipal election. nov27 te

WM. H. FITCH, JR., is a candidate for the office of Mayor at the ensuing municipal election. nov18 te

JOHN H. BOWEN, present incumbent, is a candidate for re-election to the office of City Tax Collector, at the election to be holden in January next. dec1

PLEASE announce my name as a candidate for the office of County Register for Shelby county, at the ensuing March election. nov27 te J. W. KING.

WE are authorized to announce AMOS H. CURLIN as a candidate for Sheriff of Shelby county at the ensuing March Election in 1868. Memphis, July 31, 1867. aul te

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT.—Twenty acres of rich fresh LAND, well fenced, lying near the State Female College. Apply at No. 37 south Court street, or 122 Marshall avenue. W. FOWLER. dec21 st*

FOR RENT.—A STORE on Main street, located in one of the best business portions of the city. Rent low to a good tenant. For particulars inquire at 344 Main street. dec6

FOR RENT—

At $30 per month, each, two excellent STORE ROOMS with Cellars, in the Brick Building on Beal, near Second street.

Also, at $10 per month, each, six first-class Rooms in second story of Same Building.

Also, at $50 per month, the Store Room No 41, on Madison street, between Main and Second streets.

Also, for Lease, on five and ten years' time, at the lowest rates, BEAUTIFUL RESIDENCE LOTS, on Beal, DeSoto, Shelby, Tennessee, Clinton, Wellington, Orleans, Echols and Myrtle streets.

Apply to WM. L. VANCE,
no28 95 Madison street.

FOR RENT

The Residence, No. 139 Greenlaw Block, on Madison street, containing 12 rooms in perfect order. Apply to M. S. BROOKS, of Brooks & Denis, No. 292 Main street. nov27 2w*

FOR RENT—

The PLANTATION of the late John F. Hamlin, deceased, containing 1140 a res, situated eight miles east of Memphis, near the Pigeon Roost Road; 600 acres cleared and in a fine state for cultivation. The place will be rented in a body or in small parcels of 20 acres, to suit tenants. Houses all new and in good order, with many conveniences, including Gin, Mill, Blacksmith's Shop, etc.

Also, 2000 acres rich bottom land in Tunica county, Miss., opposite Helena, five miles from the river, with comfortable improvements and under good fence; will be rented in a body or in small parcels of tenants. 400 acres open land.

Apply to F. W. IRVINE, 274 Front Row, for further information, or JOHN B. CARNES, Administrator John F. Hamlin, deceased. Memphis, November 21, 1867. nov22 1m

FOR RENT—

A GROCERY STORE, at the intersection of Fogg and Alabama streets. A number one stand can command a large country trade. Inquire on the premises, 300 Alabama street. nov21 tf

FOR RENT—

A new brick Business House, three stories high, with cellar and all necessary improvements, just completed, at No. 2 Howard's Row.

Also, the Wheatley plantation, eight miles south of Memphis, between the river and Horn Lake road. It contains 600 acres of fertile open land under good fence, with improvements located so as to make the place susceptible of division into farms of 200 acres each. This is one of the best places in the country, suitable for grain or cotton-growing, or for a stock farm.

Apply to Dr. D. D. Saunders, 37 South Court street, or J. C. Weaver, on the plantation. no31-2w

FOR RENT—

The elegant new building No. 7 Howard's row, three stories high, with good cellar.

Apply to L. M. SCACHAM,
oct2 tf 7 Union street.

FOR RENT—

A centrally located business house on Front Row. Possession given immediately.

J. W. PAGE, JR.
oct8-tf

For Rent.

THE elegant Plantation of John Wildberger, deceased, four miles South of Memphis, on the river, entirely above overflow, containing two hundred acres cleared land, good Dwelling, Cabins, etc, will be leased to a good tenant for the ensuing year, at very reasonable rates. For particulars, apply to J. H. WAGGONER, 294 Main street, or to myself on the premises.

C. J. WILDBERGER.
dec6 2w

For Lease.

Mulberry Grove Plantation,

ON ARKANSAS RIVER.

TWELVE miles below Pine Bluff, is above overflow, has on it a splendid dwelling, cistern orchards, steam-gin and sawmill, good fencing, etc. All in complete order. One thousand acres in a thorough state of cultivation. Almost enough hands on the place now to cultivate same.

Early application should be made to Mrs. John Waters, John W. Sass, Dr. T. J. Harding, or Robert Lusk, at Nashville. dec8 1m

TO LEASE

FOR A TERM OF

FIVE YEARS,

THAT most desirable and centrally located property called "HOTEL DE EUROPE."

The furniture, of every kind, now used in the Hotel, will be sold with the Lease if desired. For terms of Lease apply at the office of KENNY & PORTER,
Real Estate Agents, Kil Williams' Block,
oct1 tf Cor. Second and Madison Sts.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—

A Steinway & Sons' Seven Octave PIANO, nearly new, and of splendid tone, will be sold cheap for cash, at No. 101 Adams street. dec12

HOMES, HOMES. HOMES.

I WILL SELL OR LEASE ON TEN YEARS' TIME, FIFTY ACRES OF GROUND near the Brick Church in Chelsea of any size suitable for Residence, Gardens, etc. Also, two of the best Gardens in the country, with good Houses. Prices very moderate. Call soon and take choice. [nov28 5w] R. R. THOMAS.

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE IN LAGRANGE, TENN.

THE splendid Residence and Town Lots in LaGrange, known as the "PARK GORMAN PLACE," are for sale; also, the Residence and Town Lots of Mrs. M. J. Goode. These places are in good condition, and can be bought cheap for cash. For terms of sale and further information, apply to

H. C. MOORMAN, Esq.,
dec8 2w LaGrange, Tenn.

WANTS.

WANTED.—A good young MILCH COW, with CALF not over two months old. Apply at this office. dec12 tf

WANTED.—To rent a Dwelling containing six or eight rooms besides kitchen and servants' room, convenient to Court Square, or a street railway. Address "H.," Appeal office. dec10

WANTED.—An agent for Tennessee to introduce a new and improved method of learning to write. The most liberal inducements are offered. A rare chance for an enterprising young man. Address

W. E. SHADER,
dec8 3t 82 Fifth Avenue, N. Y.

WANTED—THE PATENT

AURORA OIL.

We want men everywhere to study their own INTEREST. The right to manufacture and sell the Patent Aurora Oil in a single county will make more money to the purchaser in three months than the largest farm in your state will make in a whole year. The Aurora Oil actually costs less than one-half the price of Coal Oil, and the illuminating power of the Aurora Oil is as much superior to the Coal Oil as the Coal Oil is to a tallow candle, and is no more explosive than a tallow candle. Any Lamp that will burn Coal Oil will burn the Aurora Oil. It does not smoke the chimney, it does not smell—it will not grease or stain the finest linen—not even white cloth. The material for the manufacture is inexhaustible, and the man can make seventy-five barrels per day. No machinery required. We will pay your fare to and from the city of Memphis and bills while here, if we cannot prove all, and even more, than we have stated. A single county is a small fortune to the man of enterprise, and the right to a State is untold worth.

For further information, call on or address

H. C. Dewitt & Co.,
1y19 24 Madison street, corner Main, Memphis, Tenn.

WANTED.

SMOKERS TO KNOW THAT GENUINE

PARTAGAS AND
RECALIA DEL REY
CIGARS

ARE for sale at the OVERTON HOTEL'S

Smoker's Emporium.
GEORGE L. GRAYSER.
Proprietor, Memphis.
dec8 3m

REMOVAL.

THE General Southern Freight Office of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad has been removed from the old stand to

No. 266 Front Row, over

The well known house of Toof, Phillips & Co.

Through Bills Lading given to all Eastern cities. Rates as low and time as quick as by any other route.

G. R. SLANCHARD, General Freight Agent, Baltimore.
M. F. HECKERT, Western Agent, Cincinnati.

E. D. COBB, Agent
se24 Baltimore and Ohio Railroad.

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

Office---No. 13 Madison Street.

SATURDAY, : : : : : DECEMBER 14, 1867

CITY MATTERS.

Memphis and Charleston Railroad.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
Through Express Daily	5:55 p.m.	6:40 a.m
Through Mail Daily	1:50 p.m.	6:10 p.m
Somerville Accommodation Daily (Sundays excepted)	7:45 a.m.	3:40 p.m

Ticket office, 278 corner of South Court st.

Memphis and Louisville Railroad Line.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
Day Express	7:50 a.m.	4:00 p.m
Night Express	6:00 p.m.	6:00 a.m
Brownsville Accom'odat'n, 4:00 p.m.	10:00 a.m	

Ticket offices No. 3 ½ Main street and at Depot, head of Main street.

SAM. B. JONES, Gen'l Sup't.

Mississippi and Tennessee Railroad.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
New Orleans Express, daily	8:45 a.m.	10:30 a.m.
New Orleans Mail, daily	8:45 p.m.	8:30 p.m.
Freight, daily (except Sunday)	3:45 p.m.	4:00 a.m.

To Commence Saturday, October 19th, 1867.

A. S. LIVERMORE, Gen'l Sup't.
C. P. OAKLEY, Gen. Ticket Ag't.

CLOSING OF MAILS.

Until further notice the Mails will close as follows:

For Cairo, Chicago, St. Louis, Nashville, Louisville, Cincinnati, Cleveland, Pittsburg, Philadelphia, Boston, New York, Baltimore, and all cities North and West, at 8:15 p.m.

For Chattanooga, Richmond, Washington, Augusta, Columbus, Ga., Montgomery, Mobile, Ala., New York, Nashville, and all cities south and east, at 5:30 p.m.

For New Orleans, Baton Rouge, Jackson, Miss., Vicksburg, Natchez, and all cities south, at 4 p.m.

All Stations on Mississippi and Tennessee, Southern, New Orleans, Jackson and Great Northern railroads at 5:30 p.m.

All Stations on Memphis and Louisville and branch railroads at 3 p.m.

All Stations on Memphis and Charleston, Mississippi Central, Mobile and Ohio, Nashville and Decatur, Nashville and Chattanooga and East Tennessee railroads at 5 a.m.

For Little Rock, Pine Bluff and all Landings on Arkansas and White rivers, (semi-weekly), Tuesdays and Saturdays.

Mississippi river—south, (semi-weekly), Tuesdays and Saturdays.

Mississippi river—north, (semi-weekly) Mondays and Fridays.

R. C. GIST, Postmaster Memphis.

BUSINESS.—We request that our advertising patrons hand in their favors at the Counting Room by six o'clock p.m., to insure insertion the next day. Ordinary notices and deaths will be received at the Composition Room up to eleven o'clock.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—Hereafter individual bills of any employee or proprietor of this paper will not be allowed as an offset against accounts for advertising. All bills against the APPEAL will be paid on presentation, and no bill will be allowed unless contracted by me or by my authority. JOHN AINSLIE,
Cashier and Business Manager

TO THE PATRONS OF THE APPEAL.—Subscribers are requested to report any irregularities in the delivery of the APPEAL at the Counting-room. Carriers will be furnished weekly with certificates authorizing them to collect subscriptions. ED. J. MANSFORD,
Superintendent of Circulation.

ST. JOHN'S METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH.—Services in the Criminal Court room, Greenlaw building, Preaching in morning at eleven a.m. and seven p.m. Sabbath School at three p.m.

PERSONAL.—Gen. Reynolds, of Mississippi, ex-member of Congress from that State, is in the city, stopping at the Gayoso.

POLICE BUSINESS.—Matters in the police courts yesterday were dull. Arrests were few and the amount of stamps collected ditto.

DISCHARGED.—That notorious young mackerel, Tom Porter, who was charged with being concerned in the robbery of the store of Jake Sutter, on Main street, was up before Justice Miller yesterday, and discharged from custody.

ROYSTER, TREZEVANT & Co. will sell this morning, in front of their salesrooms, a fine saddle and harness mare. See advertisement.

THE MAYORALTY.—Among the gentlemen called upon to run for Mayor are Col. Robertson Topp, Alderman W. H. Passmore, Mr. James Elder, Mr. W. B. Greenlaw and Mr. John Park. Those already in the field are Messrs. Lofland, Fitch and Beecher.

IMPORTANT TO MECHANICS.—A meeting of all mechanics, manufacturers, and all others interested in building, are requested to meet on Saturday, December 14th, at 8 o'clock p.m., at the office of D. Winter, Irving block.

NO PROSECUTION.—The negro girl Bell who was arrested some days since for stealing a pair of diamond sleeve buttons from her former employer, Mr. Wm. Ringwald, in Chelsea, was discharged yesterday by Justice Miller—the accusation not being sustained.

MASONIC.—At a regular meeting of South Memphis Lodge No. 118, held last night, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: A. J. Wheeler, W. M.; W. S. Mathews, S. W.; Geo. D. Plummer, J. W.; J. F. Sellars, Treasurer; B. K. Pullen, Secretary; J. P. Lallermand, Tyler.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—If the party who sent a letter to us Friday in reference to the weighing of cotton will leave his address at the counting-room, we will seek an interview. His production in its present shape cannot be published, as it is not properly authenticated.

STEALING TOOLS.—A white man named W. W. Jerry was arrested yesterday on a warrant issued by Mr. Justice Miller, charged with stealing a quantity of blacksmith's tools from the shop of Mr. W. D. Burdee, in Chelsea. He will have a hearing before the Justice to-day.

CHOICE GROCERIES.—Messrs. M. T. Garvin & Co., Second street, opposite Adams Block, keep constantly on hand a fine assortment of fancy and staple groceries, and offer the same at moderate rates. Their dealings are always correct and eminently satisfactory to their numerous patrons; and knowing them thus, we commend them to our readers.

LITERATURE.—Messrs. C. C. Cleaves & Co., corner of Monroe and Second streets, have one of the choicest selections of books and literature of every description, to be found within the city, and on the most reasonable terms. Christmas will soon be here, and as it inaugurates the season of presents and holiday gifts, we take pleasure in informing our readers that these gentlemen keep articles in their line which are admirably adapted to this purpose. Be sure and make them a visit.

ALMOST A FIRE.—About twelve o'clock Thursday night the large coal oil lamp pendant from the ceiling of the Adams street stationhouse, fell with a crash and broke. The oil ignited and spread a sheet of flame over the floor. Col. Beaumont, who was reclining on a bench within three or four feet of the lamp, ran for the water cooler, which fortunately was partly full, carried it to the spot, and by pouring water on the flames succeeded in smothering them before any damage had been done.

JUST received by Joe Locke, No. 22 Jefferson street, *Avalanche* building, Godey and Peterson for January, Budget of Fun, Comic Monthly, Clipper, Irish Citizen, Irish People, Freemason's Journal, Metropolitan Record, Irish American, Turf, Field and Farm, La Crosse Democrat, Banner of Light, Boston Pilot, Sporting Times, Chimney Corner, Literary Album, Harper's Bazar, Waverly Magazine, National Freemason, Scientific American, Courier des Etats Unis, Harper's Weekly, all of the latest magazines, weeklies and dailies; he is also agent for the Cincinnati Enquirer, one of the soundest papers published; keeps constantly on hand books, stationery, etc, etc. Give Joe a call.

EMMONS & SON, No. 10 Jefferson street, have received the Metropolitan Record, Irish People, Turf, Field and Farm, New York Clipper, Freeman's Journal, Irish Citizen, John Mitchell's Paper, Irish American, Criminal Zeitung, American Artisan, New York Ledger, Chimney Corner, Literary Album, Boston Pilot, Banner of Light, Harpers' Bazar, Dime Illustrated No. One, just out, the Horticulturist for December, Godey's Lady's Book and Peterson's Magazine for January, 1868, and dailies from everywhere.

ANDREW JOHNSON A PRIVATE CITIZEN.—It is reported that at an early day President Johnson will announce his final withdrawal from public life. At the close of his term of office it is his purpose to leave Tennessee, and after forty years of unvarying success as a politician and statesman, he will become a private citizen. He will again have his home in Tennessee. The last years of his public career have been devoted to the reproduction of popular rights in the South. He has more friends here than elsewhere in the State and it would be well if the people of Shelby county tendered him a home. A sense of gratitude is not wanting. Will the poverty of the people deny them the pleasure?

A NEGRO SHOT AT.—A difficulty occurred in the saloon under the Greenlaw House, yesterday morning, between two negroes named Tom Martin and Jim Merriweather. Martin was in the habit of sleeping in the house, but did not do so on Thursday night. On opening the door in the morning he found Merriweather sitting by the stove, and a jug of gin, together with a quantity of whisky, gone from behind the bar. Merriweather was armed with a cotton hook and Martin with a pistol. One word brought on another, when Merriweather drew off with the hook and Tom blazed away with his shooter. The shot, however, did no injury. The belligerents were quieted about the time that the Deputy Sheriff came forward. On investigation it was found that the shooting was accidental, consequently no arrests were made.

COMMUNICATION FROM BARBOUR LEWIS.

He Gives an Explanation As To What Caused the Present Heavy Taxes.

He Claims that His Court has Done All for the Best.

MEMPHIS, December 11, 1867.

Editors Memphis Appeal:

SIRS: In your article of to-day on the Mayoralty, you speak of "*the weight of Barbour Lewis' squarely built body of Radicalism, that squeezes out one hundred and thirty-seven cents from every hundred dollars in the county!*" You also add, "*the poorer we become, as shown by the policy of Barbour Lewis' Court, the heavier the exactions to which we are subjected?*" I presume you refer to the Board of County Commissioners, and to the taxation for county purposes, as you must be aware that the Commissioners have nothing to do with the State tax, which is fixed by law. The county tax for the present year is ninety cents on the one hundred dollars, but more than fifty cents of said ninety is imposed to pay debts contracted not by our Board, nor by our consent, nor by any "Radicals" whomsoever. On the contrary the larger part of all the present county taxation is simply to pay off debts and obligations incurred by our predecessors in office. Of said ninety cents, twenty-five are special jail tax, and twenty are to pay the interest on the railroad bonds for three hundred thousand dollars issued many years ago. On said bonds the interest has not been paid for six years, and will soon amount to nearly one hundred and twenty thousand dollars. The contract for the jail was made more than a year before we came into office. You see that these two items make forty-five cents out of said ninety, and when you add all the other old debts and obligations which we have had to pay for the county, you will find that, at the utmost, all the tax imposed by us for county purposes, and all obligations incurred by the present Board, will not amount to more than *thirty five cents on the one hundred dollars*, or a little more than one-third of the county tax for this year. When you reflect that the war had left the county almost destitute of and bridges, the latter having been burned down, worn out or otherwise destroyed so generally that we are compelled to absolutely rebuild some thirty or forty of all grades and sizes, and to put in repair at large expense a vastly greater number, you will readily perceive the necessity of very heavy expenditures. Some of these bridges must cost several thousand dollars apiece, though most of them will run from six or eight to twelve or fifteen hundred dollars. In addition to this it must be remembered that the disasters of the past year and more, pressing heavily upon all classes, but especially most cruelly upon the poor and destitute, have greatly increased the expenses of paupers, and the County Poor House, and that the epidemic of last summer and fall added still more heavily to those expenses. When I add to all this, that it had become absolutely necessary to provide decent Court Rooms and Offices for all the different courts in our city, of which six are now in daily session, you will not need to be told that the expense of providing said new court rooms, and of renovating and repairing the old ones is, of course, very large. Besides all this, it was necessary to build fire-proof vaults for the preservation of the Records in the Register's and County Clerk's offices and the Probate Court, and all the court rooms in the county had to be properly furnished. All these things, though desirable and necessary, have increased our expenditures very largely. When you have carefully considered all these facts, appreciating, as I am sure you readily will, the necessity and propriety of such expenditures, I am persuaded that you will be candid and just enough to give us credit for commendable economy, and for moderation in the taxation for which we are justly responsible. We have made the taxes as light as we could, nevertheless we were base enough to repudiate the contract of our predecessors. Nearly two-thirds of the county tax of this year is to carry out contracts or pay debts made and entered into by those who preceded us in office. We do not seek to attack them. It is not our place to criticize their acts. We only ask for justice for ourselves. Respectfully,

BARBOUR LEWIS,
President of the Board of County Commissioners for Shelby County.

As a matter of justice we publish the above communication. Should it become necessary we will discuss this subject in a future issue.

SHOOTING AFFRAY ON MAIN STREET YESTERDAY.

A WELL-KNOWN CITIZEN IS WOUNDED IN THE RIGHT SHOULDER.

The Parties Arrested, But Set at Liberty on Their Own Recognizance.

The residents on Main street, opposite North Court, as well as the passers-by, were alarmed about three o'clock yesterday afternoon by the discharge of pistol shots. From what we could learn, it appears that Capt. W. Harry Ferguson and Col. John L. Saffrens had some dispute on the steamer Mollie Hambleton on Thursday night. Mr. Ed. Dale took it up on the part of the Colonel, but the matter was subsequently supposed to be amicably adjusted. Yesterday, Capt. Ferguson was passing along Main street, nearly opposite North Court street, when he was met by Messrs. Ed. and Tom Dale. The altercation was renewed, and, after a few words, shots were exchanged, and Capt. Ferguson wounded in the right shoulder. It is alleged that during the melee one of the Dale brothers struck Ferguson with a walking-cane or club. His hand shows marks of violence. The wound which Capt. Ferguson received will (we are glad to say) not prove serious. The ball was extracted by Dr. Privett, who was called immediately after the arrest of the parties, which was made by officer Hope, who took both Ferguson and Ed. Dale to the prison. They were, however, released on their own recognizance. Both sides have their own stories as to who was in the fault, and it is difficult to get at the facts. Who was there and who was not, seems hard to prove. An investigation will probably be held to-day.

RECOVERED.—For some time past a number of articles consisting of bedding, blankets, linen, etc., the property of the Government, has been among the missing. As a last resort, complaint was made to the police, when Detective Selkirk was detailed to work up the job. Yesterday this officer succeeded in recovering about one hundred and seventy dollars' worth of the stolen goods, which were found in the house of Chas. Krautzung, at Fort Pickering. The plunderers will come to grief.

FOLLY OF MILITARY AND OTHER MASTERS OF THE SOUTH—HUNTER AND ORD.—It is very strange that Judge Hunter has not learned wisdom from Gen. Ord. This last named gentleman has been generally esteemed, until Hancock grasped the reins of Autocracy in Louisiana—the wisest and most liberal of all military satraps. He was at last induced to imprison an editor. So far from being harmed by the fact, the announcement, in glaring capitals, stands at the head of the editorial columns of the offending newspaper, that its editor had been victimized by the military commander. The question arises whether the editor has not profited by the folly of the military chieftain. Has not Ord done his enemy a kindness? If so, what was he? Perhaps we may commend his wisdom; otherwise his folly is measureless. Judge Hunter is a civilian. He may have been drifted with bummers, who seek to rule these provinces, into the South, but surely he knows more of mankind, and, more accurately than a soldier, can anticipate popular results of any public facts. Gen. Ord's blunder may be pardonable; this of Judge Hunter is almost criminal. We speak of results as he must view them. The *Avalanche* may congratulate itself because of Judge Hunter's rage and folly. He has done his alleged enemy the greatest possible good. We are pleased because our friends prosper, and the more, because the Judge, in his blind vengeance, has mistaken the mode. His wrath is his blessing. Gratefully, no doubt, our cotemporary accepts the benefaction.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

Worsham House.

C. B. GALLOWAY.....PROPRIETOR

T J Kelley, Charleston, Miss
J McQuade, Louisiana
A Hublier, Louisiana
C M Perrin, Miss
R D Gwynne, Texas
W Deprey, Miss
Jno Day, city
Dean, Holly Springs
E F Hyatt, city
Sol Howell, city
W B Reaves, city
J Allen, Miss
E H Covington, Kentucky
H Taylor Bond, city
J Hudson, city
R D Boyall, Vicksburg
S Bolton, Miss
Miss Bowers, Miss
Miss L Henry, Paris, Tenn
R T Scott, Ark
W B Battle, Miss
L D Holcombe, Ark
W J Smith, Tenn
Mrs Drake and child, North Carolina
J H Hills, Bolivar, Tenn
D L Childress, Miss
Ed Smith Tenn
J Monrgue, Tenn
J F Parker, Tenn
B Harrington, Miss
Capt J R Jackson, Ark
J Bishop, New Orleans
L S Pettigrew, Memphis
H Porter, Miss
Capt A W Gloster, city
M J Morris, Miss
J T Shaw, Tenn
J N Lawson, Tenn
Robert Depoint, Holly Springs
E C Jacob, city
E R Harrell, Grenada
W W Slanter, Waco, Texas
W L Danley, Nashville
J C Berry, Miss
C N Fricks, city
G W Morris, Tenn
B Bowers, Miss
J B Duncan, Paris, Tenn
Miss M Milliken, city
J Allen, Miss
B C Bledsoe, Tenn
Mrs Battle, miss
F Simmons, Tenn
Mrs Pegaskins, North Carolina
Miss Drake, North Carolina
J D Westcomani, Texas
F A Williams, Miss
V A Rawlings, Tenn
J W Motley, Tenn
Maj S L Black, Ark
J Williams, Miss

THE COURTS.

CHANCERY COURT—*Wm. M. Smith, Chancellor, etc.*—The Jury in the Stillman divorce case found a verdict upon the facts, against the defendant, C. A. Stillman.

The calendar for to-day is as follows:

H. D.
507 Harris vs Werner.
667 Hillman & Bro vs Werner.
750 Stanton ex parte petition.

The following orders and decrees were entered on yesterday:

Chambers vs Crenshaw, order of reference.
National Bank of Tennessee vs Armstrong, order of resale.
Carr vs Wright, decree vesting title.
Ashe vs White, order to pay money.
Willet vs Ford, final decree.
Breathet vs McLaughlin, final decree.
Pehwoth vs Egal, " "
Planters vs Augusta Bank " "
Brown vs Duvall, " "
Posten vs Posten et al, report confirmed.
Galloway vs Cole, further time granted.
Thomas vs Gardner, " "
Spivey vs Smith, order of resale.
Bierbower vs Carpenter, order to pay money.
Malone vs Carpenter, " "
Mercer vs Bolton, demurrer sustained.

In the case of Steinkuhl vs. Wickersham, wherein Deputy Marshal Bingham was declared in contempt of Court, Bingham asked for an appeal to the Supreme Court, from the judgment of the Chancellor, which was refused.

LAW COURT—*James O. Pierce, Judge.* The case of Cameron vs. Ware was continued over to Monday morning. To-day being motion day, the Clerk will call the roll of attorneys, commencing at letter A.

MUNICIPAL COURT—*Geo. W. Waldron, Judge*—Meets to-day pursuant to adjournment. No special business has been set for to-day.

SHELBY CIRCUIT COURT—*George W. Reeves, Judge.*—To-day will be motion day for hearing motions. Court will adjourn to Court in course, being the fourth Monday in January, 1868.

CRIMINAL COURT—*Wm. Hunter, Judge.*—The Jury in the case of Thomas Creed, indictment for house breaking, found for the defendant not guilty.

"Special notice is now given to all parties, who have had persons arrested and confined in jail on warrants, or put under bonds, to appear at this term of the Court, must report at the office of Attorney General Wallace on Monday next, to go before the Grand Jury to testify and give evidence on bills of indictment, as parties in all cases will be discharged on Tuesday, unless they are indicted by the Grand Jury, in the first two days be discharged for the term. Parties must so appear, unless they have already done so, as forfeitures will in all instances be taken against them for failing so to appear.

JOHN DONOVAN, Clerk
"R. S. CAPERS, D. C."

The *Avalanche* contempt case will be called up to-day at 11 o'clock, a.m. Judge Hunter will give his decision on the motion to quash the attachment issued against Messrs. Galaway & Rhea.

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW MEMPHIS THEATER.—Last night Miss Cecile Rush took her first benefit, appearing in the domestic drama of *Ida Lee*, in which she sustained the principal character. The drama is called beautiful, but failed to please the people. The players spoke their lines, and that is all that can be justly said. We have seen it for the first time, and, we hope, the last. After the conclusion of the piece the benificiary recited the *Maniac*. This is one of the many things we have seen this season. The lines were correctly spoken, and the action good. The chains were lengthy, but not so much so as to demand especial notice. The performance concluded with the farce of *Yankee Peddler's Hat*, in which the stock company distinguished themselves. The songs of Miss Fanny Pierson were encored. To-night *The Child Stealer* will be put on the boards. Monday night the talented young tragedian, Mr. Frank Mayo, makes his first appearance. He comes well indorsed by the profession and the press. Doubtless he will make a good impression here.

TEMPERANCE FAIR.—On Monday night the Sons of Temperance fair will be inaugurated in the Greenlaw Club room. It will, under the management of the Sons and Daughters, prove a steady enjoyable affair.

THE VARIETIES.—This place of amusement was well filled last night by a large and appreciative male audience. The performance, as usual, was of the richest kind and will easily bear repetition. Let Broom go on in his way.

MRS. JACKSON'S QUEEN BESS WASH AND COMPLEXION POWDER.—We take pleasure in calling the attention of the ladies and public generally, and especially the druggists in the city and country, to the above named celebrated beautifier. Mrs. Jackson, in order to remove from the minds of the public the prejudice now existing in regard to the many cosmetics now before them, has submitted for inspection and analysis her Queen Bess Wash and Complexion Powder to the oldest and most celebrated French and German chemists in the United States, and they warrant it to contain no acid or poisonous mineral which could in any possible manner injure the skin or teeth, it being purely the oil, extracts and essence of our choicest flowers, a few applications being sufficient to remove all tan, freckles, pimples, or any eruptions which are such bitter enemies to the beauty of the face, and as a detrifice for the teeth it has no equal. Ladies and gentlemen need not fear to give it a trial. We published a few days ago, a certificate from one of our best and well known French chemists and pharmaceutists, Enno Sanders, under Barnum and Southern Hotels, St. Louis, and we believe it to be what it is recommended. We feel certain that the above name would not have come out in connection with it were it not all that is claimed for it. It is not only recommended as as external beautifier, but it is prescribed by some of our first-class physicians, as a sure cure for ulcerated sore mouth, gums or throat, it being mother nature's own healing balm. Mrs. Jackson therefore respectfully solicits the ladies and druggists to call on J. B. Wasson & Co., wholesale agents, No. 318 Main street, and examine her preparation free of charge. Manufacturing depot No. 113 North Sixth street, St. Louis, Mo. Agents (male and female) wanted to introduce the above article. Liberal compensation allowed.

Diamonds, Fine Watches, Ladies' Sets, and all kinds of Solid Gold Goods, marked down below cost, at Trudeau & Davis, corner Second and Madison streets, headquarters for the correct time. dec12 1w

Best Prints at 12½c; 4-4 Bleached Domestic, 10c, and the best 4-4 Brown Sheeting at 15c at M. Kraus & Co.'s Great Closing Out Sale, No. 218 Main street.

Gayoso House has reduced board from $4 to $3 per day. See advertisement. de9 2w

Ladies, attend the Greatest Closing Out Sale of the season, at M. Kraus & Co.'s, No. 218 Main street. Their salesmen have imperative orders to sell regardless of cost or value.

Lubins, Violets, Coudrays and Rimmels Handkerchief Extracts for sale by J. W. Falls & Co., 351 Main street.

You Ought to have seen the rush for the past week. Such bargains have never been offered. Call early and secure them at M. Kraus & Co.'s, No. 218 Main street.

Don't Fail to attend the Greatest Closing Out Sale of the season at M. Kraus & Co.'s, No. 218 Main street.

A full assortment of Patent Medicines, Trusses, and Surgical Instruments for sale by J. W. Falls & Co., 351 Main street.

M. Kraus & Co., No. 218 Main street, corner of Adams, are slaughtering goods regardless of cost or value.

Country Merchants and Planters that want Dry Goods had better attend the Great Closing Out Sale of M. Kraus & Co.'s, No. 218 Main street, corner of Adams.

Dr. B. A. Pope, Eye and Ear Surgeon, office, University Building, corner Baronne and Common streets, New Orleans. dell 1w

Important to Gentlemen who need the following goods: White Shirts, Under Shirts, Drawers, Socks and Neck Ties, and a complete line of Furnishing Goods. Call at the Greatest Closing Out Sale of the season where you get them at half price, at M. Kraus & Co.'s, No. 218 Main street.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

A CARD

TO OUR CUSTOMERS.

DURING the month of December, we can sell

NO GOODS ON CREDIT,

For, at the prices we are at present

SACRIFICING OUR GOODS

At, we must sell for

CASH ONLY.

Respectfully, yours,

B. LOWENSTEIN & BROS.
dec1

NOTICE!

Steiner Bros. & Baum are determined to give up Business by the 1st of January, and, therefore, offer their entire Wholesale and Retail Stock of Clothing, Hats and Gents' Furnishing Goods, at less than New York cost. This being no Humbug, the Public will do well to call on them and secure Bargains. Remember the place.

STEINER BROS. & BAUM,
288 Main, Cor. Madison st.
nov15-1m.

Greatest Closing Out Sale of the Season.—M. Kraus & Co. have removed their Wholesale House from No. 217 Second street to their old Established House, No. 218 Main street, corner of Adams street, opposite the Worsham House, where we will sell for the next thirty days regardless of cost or value, the largest stock of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots and Shoes, and Planters' Supplies in the city, both Wholesale and Retail. Retail buyers, as well as City and Country Merchants, will do well to call and secure bargains, as the stock must be sold in the next thirty days, regardless of cost or value.

M. KRAUS & CO., No. 218 Main st.,
Corner of Adams, opposite the Worsham House.

La Mirandes' French Remedies—Have saved thousands all over Europe, having been for many years the first assistant at Professor La Mirandes' Private Hospital in Paris, and having been induced to establish a branch in this country, I am now prepared to furnish his celebrated remedies for Consumption, Rheumatism, Scrofula etc.; also, the genuine Imperted Vitella—Health's Grand Restorer—the only certain cure for a constitution shattered by the excesses and abuses of youth. Do not be tampered with by inexperienced physicians. Address your communications to Dr. G. W. Fernier, 245 West 47th St., New York. Advice gratis, but if you give us the full history of your case, the consultation fee of three dollars should be enclosed. Ladies may address us in full confidence. no7

ROYAL HAVANA LOTTERY

Of Cubas, conducted by the Spanish Government; $280,000 in Gold drawn every seventeen days, prizes cashed and information furnished. The highest rates paid for *Doubloons* and all kinds of Gold and Silver.

TAYLOR & CO.,
BANKERS, No. 11 Wall St.,
no8 3m New York.

Acme Barber Shop, Bethell Building, Corner Court and Main streets. dec8 4t(s)

Marriage and Celibacy.—An essay for young men on the crime of solitude, and the diseases and abuses which create impediments to marriage, with rare means of relief. Sent in sealed envelopes free of charge. Address DR. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON,
Howard Association, Philadelphia.
oc24 d&w3m

RIVER MATTERS.

WEATHER AND BUSINESS.

LOUISVILLE, December 13.—River is rising slowly, with three feet eight inches in the canal. Thermometer 21. Weather clear.

ST. LOUIS, December 13.—The weather is mild. It has been snowing heavily since noon.

Yesterday was a cool, but pleasant day, and towards night was quite moderate. The Arkansas, after enjoying a slight swell, is again falling, with thirty inches to Pine Bluff. White river is going down rapidly, with four feet at Prairie Landing, the shoalest place to the Bluff. The late cold snap caused a rapid fall in water from St. Louis out to Cairo, and scant four feet is all now found at Hat Island. The *Times* says the river is now gorged at the head of the Upper Rapids, and people are crossing on the ice at Port Byron. At this point it is falling rapidly. It had fallen thirty inches since Friday, and six inches in the twenty-four hours ending at dark last night. There's no not much, if any, more than four feet of water from here to Cairo. The Ohio is no doubt falling rapidly from the recent cold and inclement weather. Glass House remains blockaded with coal boats. No boats can pass. Dispatches from the Allegheney region furnish the following: At Titusville, Salamanca and Corry ten inches of snow; at Jamestown, eighteen inches. The late rise in the Ohio will give about four feet from Louisville to the mouth.

Arrivals.

Steamer Florence Traber, Ark. river.
" Virginia, N. O.
" Mollie Able, St. Louis.
" Great Republic, N. O.
" Centralia, St. Louis.
" Mississippi, Cairo.
" Norman, Louisville.
" Guidon, White river.

Departures.

Steamer Mollie Hambleton, St. Francis river.
" Natoma, St. Francis river.
" Mollie Able, N. O.
" Southerner, N. O.
" Virginia, St. Louis.
" Minnie, St. Louis.
" Mississippi, N. O.

Boats in Port.

Des Arc, Kate Hart, Great Republic, Centralia, Norman, Florence Traber, Guidon.

MISCEL

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY APPEAL, } MEMPHIS, December 13, 1867. }

There was not much Exchange offered at our banks to-day, and some of them which had checked heavily during the past few days, anticipating liberal offers of cotton bills, found themselves short. Others, however, were abundantly supplied, and rates remain at ¼c off buying on New York, and ¾c off on points outside. The current selling rates are firm at par, with exceptions only in favor of bankers.

There is not so much variation in the Gold premium to-day. The New York market opened at 139¾c, advanced immediately to 140c, and closed at that figure. Our dealers bought when offered, at 132@132½c, keeping a wider margin than usual, owing to the tendency of the market for the past few days. There is some demand from the country for small amounts which about covers all purchased by bankers. The selling rate runs from 134@135c.

City Scrip is not so much as yesterday, though it has not advanced. Dealers will pay freely 38@38½c, and decline selling at less than 39c. Offerings are liberal upon the street at the latter figure.

County Warrants are not in demand and have declined. Brokers are offering 64@65c for large and small, and sold at 68@70c.

Police Scrip is scarce and in demand at 82c buying. Selling at 83@90c.

The Louisville *Democrat* gives the following description of the $100 counterfeit bill on the Central National Bank of New York, dated April 1, 1864:

"On the left there is a ship (to our mind a frigate), and alongside of it a well-manned boat, with a naval officer in full uniform in the center, holding a United States flag in his hands by the staff. Over it is a female representing the Goddess of Liberty, having the word "liberty" inscribed on the wreath of her head; it is extended by a sailor, who is wrapped in a package of cartridges on the outside of which are inscribed the words "The Union—maintain it."

The closing Liverpool dispatch of last night was not received until to-day. It reported that market 1-64 lower, but the decline only added activity to the market: Uplands in port 7¾d, and to arrive 6 9-16d; Orleans, 7¾d; sales 10,000 bales. That market opened to-day at 7¾d and dull; sales 800 bales; week's sales 68,000; exports 12,000; to speculators 4,000; stock on hand 443,000, of which 79,000 is American. The New York market opened to-day steady at the closing quotations of yesterday. At noon it was dull, with prices unchanged—middlings 34½@35c. At the close there was a fair demand and prices firm; sales 2,000 bales. We think that the market has taken a decided bottom, and the scarcity of "large stock" has failed to create a panic among holders to the extent anticipated. The demand is only moderately active to-day, though the inquiry was good, at such figures as few sellers would consent to. Buyers have orders to fill at 13c, but made a strong effort to buy at 12½c. Unable to do so, except in very rare cases, they bought at 13c which was 1c less than holders were asking, but was the basis upon which some 1000 bales changed hands. We quote the market firm:

Ordinary	10¼@—
Good Ordinary	11 @11¾
Low Middling	12 @12½
Middling	13 @—
Strict Middling	13½@—
Good Middling	13 @—

COTTON STATEMENT.

Stock on hand	2,405	1,050
Received to-day	87,843	90,248
Received previously		91,828
Exported to-day	592	
Exported previously	77,687	78,279
Stock on hand		13,049

There was but a meagre trade done to-day in our general markets, and prices were much the same as on Thursday. Feed is becoming scarcer and held at better prices. There was no corn on the market during the day; shelled sells at 88@90c; a lot of very nice corn from the interior was sold at the depot at 82c; the only sale on ear in market is held at 80@85c. Oats are firm at 80@82c on flatboat, and 2@3c higher from store. Bran and Shorts sells at 2@2½c from prime prairie sold at $18. Bran is slow of sale, but firm at $36 on flats, and in store $38@40. Cornmeal is only in local demand; kiln-dried and fresh are sold at $4 75@5. Mess Pork is firm at 23@23½c; Prime, Mess, 20@20½c; Prime, 18@18½c; Clear Rump, 21@21½c; Clear sides, 15¾@16c. Shoulders, 12@13c; Bulk Sides, 14@14½c; Bulk Shoulders, 11@11½c; Sugar Cured Hams, 19@19½c. Breakfast Bacon, 17@18c. Plain Hams, 16@18c. Plain Canvased, 18@19c. Plain sugar Cured, 21@22c. Country Canvased, 18@19c. Sugar Cured Canvased, 18@20c. Leaf Lard in kegs, 14@14½c; in three, five and ten pails, 15@16c. Sorghum Molasses, 90@95c in barrels, and $1 in half barrels. Eggs, 30@37c per dozen. Apples are dull at $3 50@4 per barrel. Potatoes, $3 50@4 per bbl; in sacks, per bushel, $1 25@1 50; Sweet Potatoes, 60@75c per bushel. Onions, 60@80c. New Cabbages are held at 25c, and second-hand, 15 to 20c, with a good demand from the interior. Chickens are in light supply at $4 50 to $4 50 for old and young. Cement $4 75 to $5 per bbl. Butter is in good demand; Goshen, 45@50c; choice western, 42@45c; good, 38@39c; common, not in demand. Bagging is in good demand at 24½@25c for India, 23@23½c for Kentucky power, and 19@22c for hand made. Flour very firm; super $7 25, X $8@8 50, XX $10@11, XXX $13@14; family brands $4 50@5 50. Mackerel in good supply; No. 1 half bbls $10 50@11; No. 2 $9@9 50; No. 1 kits $2 75@3; No. 2 $2 50@2 75; No. 3 $2 25@2 50. Sugar is firm, at 18@18½c for clear crushed and powdered; 18@18½c for coffee sugars at 17½@18@18½c; brown 14@17c. Rio coffee, fair to choice, 24@27½c. Cliff lime $2 35@2 50; Lump Lime, $2 25@2 35. Western reserve cheese, 16@16½c; factory, 17@17½c; English dairy, 18@18½c. Common whiskey, $1 75@2; imitation Bourbon, $2 25@3; Bourbon, $3.

There is no change to report in the stock market, further than that the cold weather has caused a better demand and prices are tending upwards. Western cattle sell at 5@7c gross; Texas, 3@5c. Sheep, 6@8c per head. Hogs, 8@9c gross. Dressed hogs, 12@13c. Milch cows, $25@75.

Wagon and Carriage Material.

Corrected Daily by Woodburn, Smith & Co., Nos. 114 and 116 Green street, St. Louis.

Buggy wheels	$13 00	$15 00
Buggy hubs, Sarvin & patent	—	25
Wagon wheels	—	18 00
Buggy hubs, per dozen	1 50	3 00
Wagon hubs, do	4 00	4 00
Buggy spokes, do	3 00	5 00
Wagon spokes, do	3 00	4 00
Bent felloes, do	1 80	3 85
Sawed felloes, do	1 50	3 75
Buggy shafts, per pair	—	6 00
Buggy poles, each	—	90
Wagon tongues and N. Yokes, doz	2 00	2 50
Plow handles, per dozen	2 00	2 50
Buggy beds, each	14 00	17 50

And dawbirn

UNDERTAKERS.

J. C. HOLST & CO.,

UNDERTAKERS

At the Old Stand,

NO. 320 MAIN STREET

and MEMPHIS, TENN.

J. FLAHERTY

C. D. FLAHERTY, WITH F. WESCHE.

FLAHERTY & WESCHE,

Manufacturers and Dealers in

FURNITURE.

MANUFACTURE all kinds of Furniture for the trade at their Factory on VANCE STREET. Keep on hand a large assortment of Furniture, and at reasonable rates. Also,

General Undertakers and Dealers in Metalic and Wooden Coffins.

☞ Prompt attention paid to Undertaking at all times.

No. 37 Union Street, Memphis, Tenn.

OWEN SMITH,

UNDERTAKER,

—DEALER IN—

METALLIC CASES AND CASKETS,

And Manufactures of WOODEN and ROSEWOOD COFFINS, of all kinds,

No. 368 Second St., N.E. cor. Gayoso St.

☞ All Orders for Undertaking promptly attended to.

☞ No. 1 Carriages always on hand to let for family use.

J. B. McCAFFREY. W. R. CORNELIUS.

McCAFFREY & CORNELIUS

GENERAL

UNDERTAKERS

—AND—

EMBALMERS OF THE DEAD,

No. 317 Second Street,

Near Monroe,

Memphis, - - Tennessee.

METALIC Cases and Caskets and Wooden Coffins constantly on hand. my24

KNABE PIANOS!

KNABE PIANOS!

THESE unrivalled Instruments are fully warranted for seven years, and are for sale at

NO. 375 MAIN ST., (Jackson Block,)

Memphis, Tennessee.

se22 1f By LEOPOLD GOEPEL.

GOOD NEWS for the HOLIDAYS

GROCERIES, GREEN & DRIED FRUITS, Preserves, Jellies,

TOBACCO, CIGARS, ETC.,

—AND—

CONFECTIONERIES

IN ALL THEIR VARIETY.

WE have recently been placed in receipt of a large and most well selected stock of FANCY GROCERIES, etc., consisting in part of Almonds, Filberts, Pecans, Brazil Nuts, Citron, Raisins, Currants, Figs, Jellies and Preserves of all kinds; sauces, Pickles, Cal Fruits, Toys, and a variety of other articles too lengthy for enumeration, and on the receipt of which by liar shipments of Oranges, Lemons and other Green Fruits and invite the attention of our old customers and the public generally to our stock, feeling confident that our lengthy business experience ensables us to give entire satisfaction to all of our many patrons.

Tennessee Steam Candy Manufactory.

Our customers will be furnished fresh daily as heretofore, and guaranteed pure. We manufacture none but No. 1 articles, and that this fact is appreciated a liberal patronage demonstrates.

☞ Particular attention paid to the filling of country orders.

L. ROCCO & CO., *Importers,*

290 and 292 Second street, cor. Madison.

dec6 1m

WINES AND LIQUORS.

J. J. SMITH. JNO. L. LEECH.

SMITH & LEECH,

Rectifiers and Wholesale Liquor Dealers,

342 Second Street.

MEMPHIS, : : : : TENNESSEE.

TO THE TRADE ONLY.

HAVING erected a large and extensive Rectifying establishment, we are prepared to supply our customers with a superior article of Whiskies on as good terms and at as low prices as can be bought in any market.

oc5 om18 nov14 3m

HOFFHEIMER BROTHERS'

CELEBRATED

BAVARIAN BITTERS,

The best Bitters in the market as a

TONIC AND APPETIZER.

NATHAN HOFFHEIMER & CO.,

270 Front Row.

ISIDOR ROSENBACH,

RECTIFIER

AND WHOLESALE DEALER IN

LIQUORS,

No. 226 Front Street,

MEMPHIS. : : : TENNESSEE.

Common, Rectified and Bourbon

WHISKIES,

Supplied to the Trade

At the Lowest Market Prices.

nov12 1m

Nathan Hoffheimer & Co.,

COMMISSION

—AND—

Forwarding Merchants,

Wholesale Dealers in

Imported and Domestic

WINES, LIQUORS, SEGARS

Tobacco, Etc., Etc.,

No. 276 Front Street, MEMPHIS, TENN.

Always on hand, a large supply of

Old Bourbon and Rye Whiskies.

Also, the Celebrated

BAVARIAN BITTERS.

oct2

Just Received.

10 barrels Cook's Five Year Old Bourbon.

3 quarter pipes "Pelly Isin" Brandy.

We have also a large and choice stock of

Rye and Bourbon Whiskies, Cordials, Liquors, and the Celebrated Bavarian Bitters.

NATHAN HOFFHEIMER & CO.,

au25 276 Front Street.

D. H. EVANS,

IMPORTER

AND WHOLESALE DEALER IN

WINES, LIQUORS

AND CIGARS,

No. 14 Monroe St., Memphis, Tenn.

MEGIBBEN & BROTHER,

WHOLESALE

Liquor Dealers,

281 : MAIN STREET : 281

Memphis, : : : Tennessee.

UNDERTAKERS.

J. C. HOLST & CO.,

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L. ROCCO & CO., *Importers,*

290 and 292 Second street, cor. Madison.

dec6 1m

TRANSPORTATION.

1867 ARKANSAS. 1867

United States Mail Routes and Stage Lines.

Little Rock and Hot Springs Direct,

THROUGH IN DAYLIGHT.

Little Rock and Washington via Rockport and Arkadelphia.

THROUGH IN 84 HOURS.

Little Rock and Camden via Tulip and Princeton.

THROUGH IN 80 HOURS.

Little Rock and Fort Smith.

THROUGH IN 48 HOURS.

Running in Connection with the Memphis and White River, and Memphis and Arkansas River Packets, and

Memphis and Little Rock Railroad.

First Class Four-Horse Post Coaches leave Little Rock Daily, and returning leave Hot Springs Daily, Sundays excepted, carrying United States Mail.

Invalids Going to the Hot Springs will find on this line the best of

Concord Coaches, Fine Horses and Careful and Sober Drivers,

and every effort will be made to furnish the most speedy and comfortable transit.

Extra Coaches, when Required, will be Furnished on Ten Minutes' Notice.

Office in Little Rock at the Anthony House.

D. J. CHIDESTER, Contractor.

JOHN BARTHOLOMEW, Agent.

no6 daw Little Rock, Ark.

WHEATON NURSERY.

Two Miles South of Memphis, on Horn Lake Road.

JOHN TRENT. WADDY THOMPSON.

JOHN TRENT & CO.,

PROPRIETORS.

SUCCESSORS TO

DR. S. M. WHEATON.

WE are prepared to fill orders for every description of Fruit, Flowers and Ornamental Trees, Grape and Strawberry Vines and Rose Plants, Roses, etc., etc.

Our stock is made up of the best selections from the golden up, in Europe or America.

We solicit correspondence from all who purchase trees in large or small quantities, or any who wish to adorn their places with choice and rare Flowers and Shrubs.

☞ First class Landscape Gardener.

Flowers for Bridal and Wreaths always on hand.

☞ Descriptive Catalogues, with prices and all necessary information, will be furnished by applying personally or by letter to

oc30 dawtf JOHN TRENT & CO.

R. P. WALT & CO.,

DEALERS IN

Cypress Lumber,

No. 196 Main Street.

CYPRESS LUMBER of all dimensions on hand, which we wish to close out at a sacrifice. Parties wishing Lumber should call on us without delay. dec6 1f

LEGAL.

Non-Resident Notice.

In the Chancery Court of Memphis, Tenn.

Lydia Jenkins and Mary C. Murdoch, who sue by their next friend, Wm. Armour, vs. Charles B. Church, George Jenkins and Thos. Murdoch.

IT appearing from affidavit in this cause that the defendants, George Jenkins and Thomas Murdoch are non-residents of the State of Tennessee:

It is therefore ordered that they make their appearance herein, at the Courthouse in the city of Memphis, Tennessee, on the first Monday in February, 1868, and plead, answer or demur to complainant's bill, or the same will be taken for confessed as to them, and set for hearing ex-parte, and that a copy of this order be published once a week for four successive weeks, in the Memphis Appeal.

A Copy—Attest:

AUGUSTON ALSTON, Clerk and Master.

George W. Winchester, and Heiskell & Scott, Solicitors for complainants. dec12 1aw1w

Attachment Suit.

Law Court of Memphis.

CLERK'S OFFICE, November 18, 1867.

H. Dow, Plaintiff, vs. Green Williams, Defendant.

AFFIDAVIT for attachment having been made in this case in pursuance of section 3455 of the Code of Tennessee, and attachment having been issued and returned by the proper officer "levied, etc.," on the property of the defendant, Green Williams:

It is therefore ordered, That said defendant appear at the Courthouse in the city of Memphis, Tenn., on or before the second Monday in February, 1868, and defend this suit, or the same will be taken for confessed as to him, and the case set for hearing ex parte; and that a copy of this order be published once a week for four consecutive weeks in the Daily Appeal.

JOHN DONOVAN, Clerk.

A copy: JOHN W. GRAHAM, D. C.

Wilson & Beard, Attorneys for Plaintiff. nov19 1aw1w

Attachment Suit.

Law Court of Memphis.

CLERK'S OFFICE, December 5th, 1867.

Angelo Marre, plaintiff, vs. Joseph Olshei, def't

AFFIDAVIT for attachment having been made in this case in pursuance of Section 3455 of the Code of Tennessee, and attachment having been issued and returned by the proper officer "levied, etc.," on the property of the defendant, Joseph Olshei—

It is therefore ordered that said defendant appear at the Courthouse in the city of Memphis, Tenn., on or before the second Monday in February next, and defend this suit, or the same will be taken for confessed as to him, and the case set for hearing exparte, and that a copy of this order be published once a week for four consecutive weeks, in the Memphis Appeal.

JOHN DONOVAN, Clerk.

A copy:

Sam. P. Rose, Attorney for Plaintiff. dec5 1aw1w

Administrator's Notice.

HAVING qualified an Administrator of the estate of U. J. Brooks, deceased, all persons indebted to said estate are required to immediately pay ment to the undersigned. Those having claims against the same, must file them, properly authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred.

nov26 1aw4w W. C. McCLURE, Adm'r.

Non-Resident Notice.

In the Chancery Court of Memphis, Tenn.

No. 2281—William McPherson vs. A. R. Duke et al.

IT appearing from affidavit in this cause that the defendants, A. R. Duke and L. Duke, are residents of the State of Mississippi, and D. C. Topp and C. Dickman are residents of the state of Louisiana, and absent from and without the State of Tennessee;

It is therefore ordered, that they make their appearance herein, at the Courthouse in the city of Memphis, Tenn., on or before the first Monday in January, 1868, and defend this suit, or the same will be taken for confessed as to them, and set for hearing exparte, and that a copy of this order be published once a week, for four successive weeks, in the Memphis Appeal.

A copy—Attest:

AUGUSTON ALSTON, Clerk and Master.

By R. J. BLACK, D. C. & M.

Logwood & Peyton, Sols. for Complainants. n21-1aw4w

Attachment Suit.

Law Court of Memphis.

CLERK'S OFFICE, November 18, 1867.

H. Dow, Plaintiff, vs. Green Williams, Defendant.

AFFIDAVIT for attachment having been made in this case in pursuance of section 3455 of the Code of Tennessee and attachment having been issued and returned by the proper officer "levied, etc.," on the property of the defendant, Green Williams:

It is therefore ordered, That said defendant appear at the Courthouse in the city of Memphis, Tenn., on or before the second Monday in February, 1868, and defend this suit, or the same will be taken for confessed as to him, and the case set for hearing exparte, and that a copy of this order be published once a week for four consecutive weeks in the Memphis Daily Appeal.

S. A. MOORE, J. P.

Mallory, Young & Anderson, Att'ys for Pl'ff. November 21, 1867. nov22 1aw4w

Attachment Notice.

George Clanson vs. Lacy McFee.

IN this cause it appearing to the Court that Lacy McFee has absconded so that ordinary process of law cannot be served upon him, that an attachment has been issued against the said defendant, which has been returned levied upon two Mules, one Wagon and one Set Harness, the defendant not to be found; and it further appearing that the property as attached is of a perishable nature, it is considered by me that judgment nisi be rendered against said defendant in favor of plaintiff for the sum of $200 and costs of suit, unless he enter his appearance in this cause within four weeks from this date; and that publication be made in some newspaper published in the county of Shelby requiring the said defendant to answer said attachment, etc.; and that O. C. Robertson, officer levying said attachments, proceed to sell the property so attached to the highest bidder, for cash, after having advertised the same for ten days, and that the proceeds subject to the further orders of this Court. Witness my hand and seal this 19th November, 1867.

nov20 1aw4w R. B. MILLER, J. P.

Non-Resident Notice.

In the Chancery Court of Memphis, Tenn.

No. 2299—W. R. Hunt, et al. exir's, etc., vs. Edward Wing et al.

IT appearing from affidavit in this cause that the defendant's, Edward Wing, Chas. F. Cox and W. W. McFarland, are residents of the State of Mississippi, and non-residents of the State of Tennessee:

It is therefore ordered that they make their appearance herein, at the Courthouse in the city of Memphis, Tenn., on or before the first Monday in January, 1868, and plead, answer or demur to complainant's bill, or the same will be taken for confessed as to them, and set for hearing ex parte, and that a copy of this order be published once a week for four consecutive weeks, in the Memphis Appeal.

A copy—Attest:

AUGUSTON ALSTON, Clerk and Master.

By R. J. BLACK, D. C. & M.

Logwood & Peyton, Sols. for Complainants. n21-1aw4w

Attachment Suit.

Municipal Court of Memphis.

W. N. Wilkinson and D. B. Blair, Plaintiffs, vs. Pink Varble and W. J. May, Defendants.

AFFIDAVIT FOR ATTACHMENT having been made in this case in pursuance of section 3455 of the Code of Tennessee, and attachment having been issued and returned by the proper officer, "levied, etc.," on the property of the Defendants: It is therefore ordered that said Defendants appear at the Court Room in the City of Memphis, Tenn., on or before the first Tuesday in January, 1868, and defend this suit, or the same will be taken for confessed as to them, and the case set for hearing ex parte; and that a copy of this order be published once a week for four consecutive weeks in the Memphis Appeal.

I. B. EATON, Clerk.

By MASON HYDE, D. C.

Peyton & Logwood, Attorneys for Plaintiffs. no21 1aw4w

Non-Resident Notice.

In the Chancery Court of Memphis, Tenn.

No. 1933—Michael McMahon et al, vs. Patrick Carey and Michael Cooney.

IT appearing from affidavit in this cause that the defendant, Patrick Carey is a resident of the State of Iowa and a non-resident of the State of Tennessee—

It is therefore ordered, that he make his appearance herein, at the Courthouse in the city of Memphis, Tenn., on or before the first Monday in February, 1868, and plead, answer or demur to complainant's bill, or the same will be taken for confessed as to him, and set for hearing exparte, and that a copy of this order be published once a week, for four successive weeks, in the Memphis Appeal.

A copy—attest:

AUGUSTON ALSTON, Clerk & Master.

By R. J. BLACK, D. C. & M.

Kerr, Westcott & Stahl, Sols. for Compl't's. dec7 1aw4w

Petition for Divorce.

In the Circuit Court of Shelby County, at Memphis, Tenn.

Leah M. Powell vs. D. H. Powell.

IN this cause it appearing to the Clerk from the petition filed, that the residence of defendant is unknown to petitioner—

It is ordered, that publication be made in the Memphis Appeal for four weeks, notifying the defendant to appear within the first three days of the Circuit Court to be held at the Courthouse in Memphis, on the third Monday in January next, and plead, answer or demur to the bill of complainant, or the same will be taken for confessed, and set for hearing exparte.

Done at office, November 20, 1867.

M. D. L. STEWART, Clerk, Etc.

J. M. Gregory, Attorney. no21-1aw1w

Non-Resident Notice.

In the Chancery Court of Memphis, Tenn.

No. 2300.—J. S. Stanton et al vs. John Bradford et al (firm Bradford & Simpson) et al.

IT appearing from affidavit in this cause that the defendants John Bradford and F. M. Simpson (firm of Bradford & Simpson) are residents of the State of Mississippi, and non-residents of the State or Tennessee:

It is therefore ordered that they make their appearance herein, at the courthouse in the city of Memphis, Tenn., on or before the first Monday in January, 1868, and plead, answer or demur to complainant's bill, or the same will be taken for confessed as to them, and set for hearing ex parte, and that a copy of this order be published once a week for four consecutive weeks, in the Memphis Appeal.

A copy—attest:

AUGUSTON ALSTON, Clerk and Master.

By R. J. BLACK, D. C. & M.

Loswood & Peyton Sols. for Complainants. n-21-1aw4w

Attachment Suit.

Municipal Court of Memphis.

W. N. Wilkinson and D. B. Blair, Plaintiffs, vs. Pink Varble and W. J. May, Defendants.

AFFIDAVIT FOR ATTACHMENT having been made in this case in pursuance of section 3455 of the Code of Tennessee, and attachment having been issued and returned by the proper officer, "levied, etc.," on the property of the Defendants: It is therefore ordered that said Defendants appear at the Court Room in the City of Memphis, Tenn., on or before the first Tuesday in January, 1868, and defend this suit, or the same will be taken for confessed as to them, and the case set for hearing ex parte; and that a copy of this order be published once a week for four consecutive weeks in the Memphis Appeal.

I. B. EATON, Clerk.

By MASON HYDE, D. C.

Peyton & Logwood, Attorneys for Plaintiffs. no21 1aw4w

Non-Resident Notice.

In the Chancery Court of Memphis, Tenn.

No. 2281—William McPherson vs. A. R. Duke et al.

IT appearing from affidavit in this cause that the defendants, A. R. Duke and L. Duke, are residents of the State of Mississippi, and D. C. Topp and C. Dickman are residents of the state of Louisiana, and absent from and without the State of Tennessee;

It is therefore ordered, that they make their appearance herein, at the Courthouse in the city of Memphis, Tenn., on or before the first Monday in January, 1868, and plead, answer or demur to complainant's bill, or the same will be taken for confessed as to them, and set for hearing exparte, and that a copy of this order be published once a week, for four successive weeks, in the Memphis Appeal.

A copy—Attest:

AUGUSTON ALSTON, Clerk and Master.

George W. Winchester, and Heiskell & Scott, Solicitors for complainants. dec12 1aw4w

Attachment Suit.

Law Court of Memphis.

CLERK'S OFFICE, November 18, 1867.

H. Dow, Plaintiff, vs. Green Williams, Defendant.

AFFIDAVIT for attachment having been made in this case in pursuance of section 3455 of the Code of Tennessee and attachment having been issued and returned by the proper officer "levied, etc.," on the property of the defendant, Green Williams:

It is therefore ordered, That said defendant appear at the Courthouse in the city of Memphis, Tenn., on or before the second Monday in February, 1868, and defend this suit, or the same will be taken for confessed as to him, and the case set for hearing exparte, and that a copy of this order be published once a week for four consecutive weeks in the Memphis Daily Appeal.

S. A. MOORE, J. P.

Mallory, Young & Anderson, Att'ys for Pl'ff. November 21, 1867. nov22 1aw4w

Attachment Notice.

George Clanson vs. Lacy McFee.

IN this cause it appearing to the Court that Lacy McFee has absconded so that ordinary process of law cannot be served upon him, that an attachment has been issued against the said defendant, which has been returned levied upon two Mules, one Wagon and one Set Harness, the defendant not to be found; and it further appearing that the property as attached is of a perishable nature, it is considered by me that judgment nisi be rendered against said defendant in favor of plaintiff for the sum of $200 and costs of suit, unless he enter his appearance in this cause within four weeks from this date; and that publication be made in some newspaper published in the county of Shelby requiring the said defendant to answer said attachment, etc.; and that O. C. Robertson, officer levying said attachments, proceed to sell the property so attached to the highest bidder, for cash, after having advertised the same for ten days, and that the proceeds subject to the further orders of this Court. Witness my hand and seal this 19th November, 1867.

nov20 1aw4w R. B. MILLER, J. P.

Non-Resident Notice.

In the Chancery Court of Memphis, Tenn.

No. 2299—W. R. Hunt, et al. exir's, etc., vs. Edward Wing et al.

IT appearing from affidavit in this cause that the defendant's, Edward Wing, Chas. F. Cox and W. W. McFarland, are residents of the State of Mississippi, and non-residents of the State of Tennessee:

It is therefore ordered that they make their appearance herein, at the Courthouse in the city of Memphis, Tenn., on or before the first Monday in January, 1868, and plead, answer or demur to complainant's bill, or the same will be taken for confessed as to them, and set for hearing ex parte, and that a copy of this order be published once a week for four consecutive weeks, in the Memphis Appeal.

A copy—Attest:

AUGUSTON ALSTON, Clerk and Master.

By R. J. BLACK, D. C. & M.

Loswood & Peyton Sols. for Complainants. n-21-1aw4w

Attachment Suit.

Municipal Court of Memphis.

W. N. Wilkinson and D. B. Blair, Plaintiffs, vs. Pink Varble and W. J. May, Defendants.

AFFIDAVIT FOR ATTACHMENT having been made in this case in pursuance of section 3455 of the Code of Tennessee, and attachment having been issued and returned by the proper officer, "levied, etc.," on the property of the Defendants: It is therefore ordered that said Defendants appear at the Court Room in the City of Memphis, Tenn., on or before the first Tuesday in January, 1868, and defend this suit, or the same will be taken for confessed as to them, and the case set for hearing ex parte; and that a copy of this order be published once a week for four consecutive weeks in the Memphis Appeal.

I. B. EATON, Clerk.

By MASON HYDE, D. C.

Peyton & Logwood, Attorneys for Plaintiffs. no21 1aw4w

Non-Resident Notice.

In the Chancery Court of Memphis, Tenn.

No. 1933—Michael McMahon et al, vs. Patrick Carey and Michael Cooney.

IT appearing from affidavit in this cause that the defendant, Patrick Carey is a resident of the State of Iowa and a non-resident of the State of Tennessee—

It is therefore ordered, that he make his appearance herein, at the Courthouse in the city of Memphis, Tenn., on or before the first Monday in February, 1868, and plead, answer or demur to complainant's bill, or the same will be taken for confessed as to him, and set for hearing exparte, and that a copy of this order be published once a week, for four successive weeks, in the Memphis Appeal.

A copy—attest:

AUGUSTON ALSTON, Clerk & Master.

By R. J. BLACK, D. C. & M.

Kerr, Westcott & Stahl, Sols. for Compl't's. dec7 1aw4w

Petition for Divorce.

In the Circuit Court of Shelby County, at Memphis, Tenn.

Leah M. Powell vs. D. H. Powell.

IN this cause it appearing to the Clerk from the petition filed, that the residence of defendant is unknown to petitioner—

It is ordered, that publication be made in the Memphis Appeal for four weeks, notifying the defendant to appear within the first three days of the Circuit Court to be held at the Courthouse in Memphis, on the third Monday in January next, and plead, answer or demur to the bill of complainant, or the same will be taken for confessed, and set for hearing exparte.

Done at office, November 20, 1867.

M. D. L. STEWART, Clerk, Etc.

J. M. Gregory, Attorney. no21-1aw4w

Non-Resident Notice.

In the Chancery Court of Memphis, Tenn.

No. 2300.—J. S. Stanton et al vs. John Bradford et al (firm Bradford & Simpson) et al.

IT appearing from affidavit in this cause that the defendants John Bradford and F. M. Simpson (firm of Bradford & Simpson) are residents of the State of Mississippi, and non-residents of the State or Tennessee:

It is therefore ordered that they make their appearance herein, at the courthouse in the city of Memphis, Tenn., on or before the first Monday in January, 1868, and plead, answer or demur to complainant's bill, or the same will be taken for confessed as to them, and set for hearing ex parte, and that a copy of this order be published once a week for four consecutive weeks, in the Memphis Appeal.

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AUGUSTON ALSTON, Clerk and Master.

By R. J. BLACK, D. C. & M.

Loswood & Peyton Sols. for Complainants. n-21-1aw4w

Attachment Suit.

Municipal Court of Memphis.

W. N. Wilkinson and D. B. Blair, Plaintiffs, vs. Pink Varble and W. J. May, Defendants.

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I. B. EATON, Clerk.

By MASON HYDE, D. C.

Peyton & Logwood, Attorneys for Plaintiffs. no21 1aw4w

Non-Resident Notice.

In the Chancery Court of Memphis, Tenn.

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